



Research Challenges in Intelligent Transportation Networks

C. K. Toh, FIEEE

CTA, ALICO Systems Inc., USA

CTO, Acroem Inc.,

Honorary Professor, HKU

Email: ckt@eee.hku.hk

<http://monet.knu.ac.kr/~cktoh>





Outline of Talk

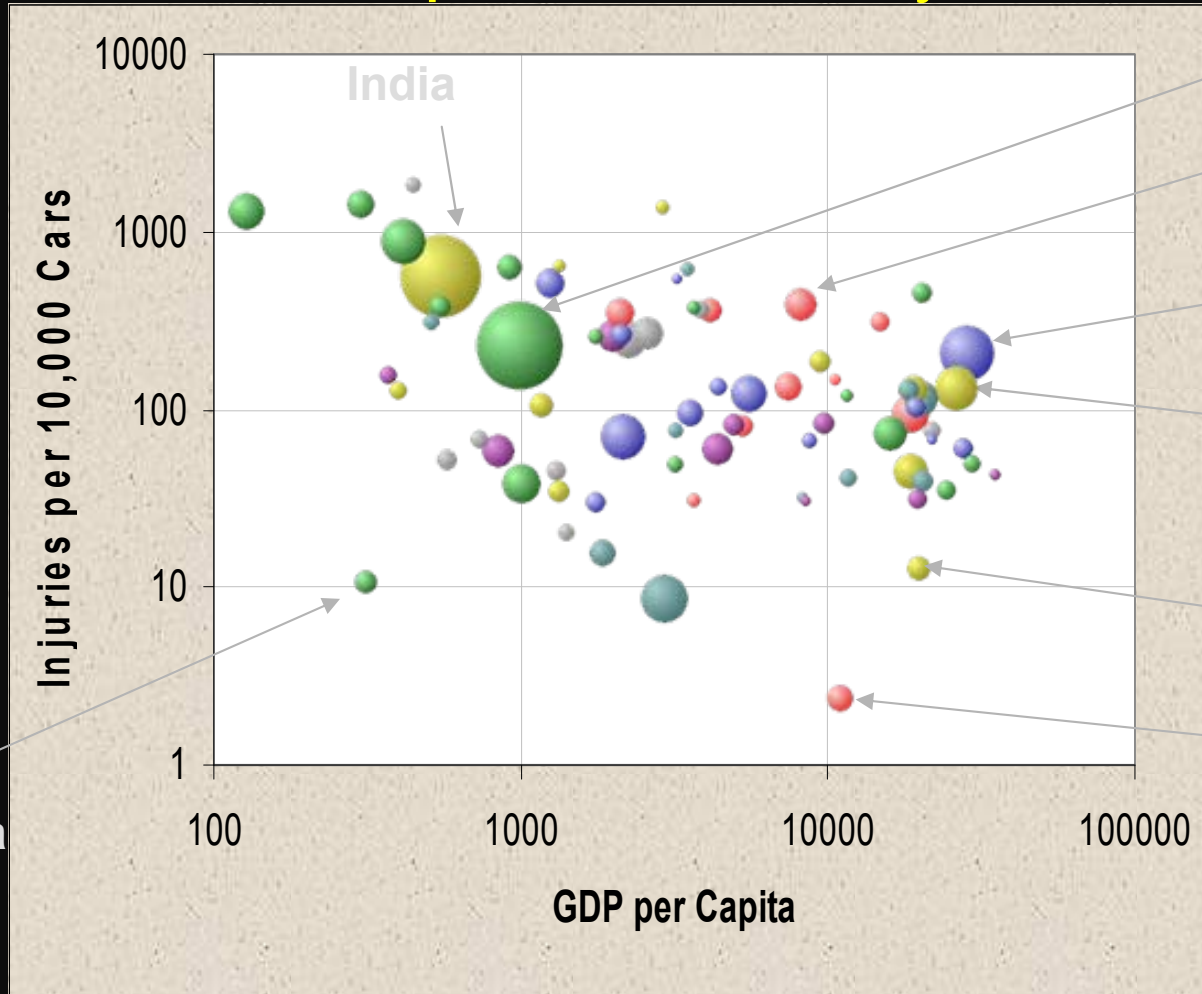
1. ITS Trends & Evolution
2. Standards & Architectures
3. ITS Research
4. ITS New Applications
5. Conclusion

This keynote was also previously given at IFIP Networking Conference, 2008.



Accidents are still prevalent today,,,,,,,,,

TREND #1



Cambodia

China
S. Korea
U.S.
Japan
Netherlands
Taiwan

Drivers Are not Perfect Humans!

Annual Injuries per 10,000 Cars vs. GDP



TREND #2

Insurance Cost is not going down!

TOP TEN MOST EXPENSIVE AND LEAST EXPENSIVE STATES FOR AUTOMOBILE INSURANCE, 2007 (1)

Rank	Most expensive states	Average expenditure	Rank	Least expensive states	Average expenditure
1	D.C.	\$1,140	1	North Dakota	\$512
2	New Jersey	1,104	2	Iowa	518
3	Louisiana	1,096	3	South Dakota	534
4	New York	1,047	4	Nebraska	554
5	Florida	1,043	5	Idaho	564
6	Rhode Island	1,017	6	Kansas	568
7	Delaware	1,012	7	Wisconsin	582
8	Nevada	1,000	8	North Carolina	591
9	Massachusetts	981	9	Maine	611
10	Connecticut	964	10	Indiana	618

(1) Based on average automobile insurance expenditures.

Source: © 2009 National Association of Insurance Commissioners.



We love our cars!!

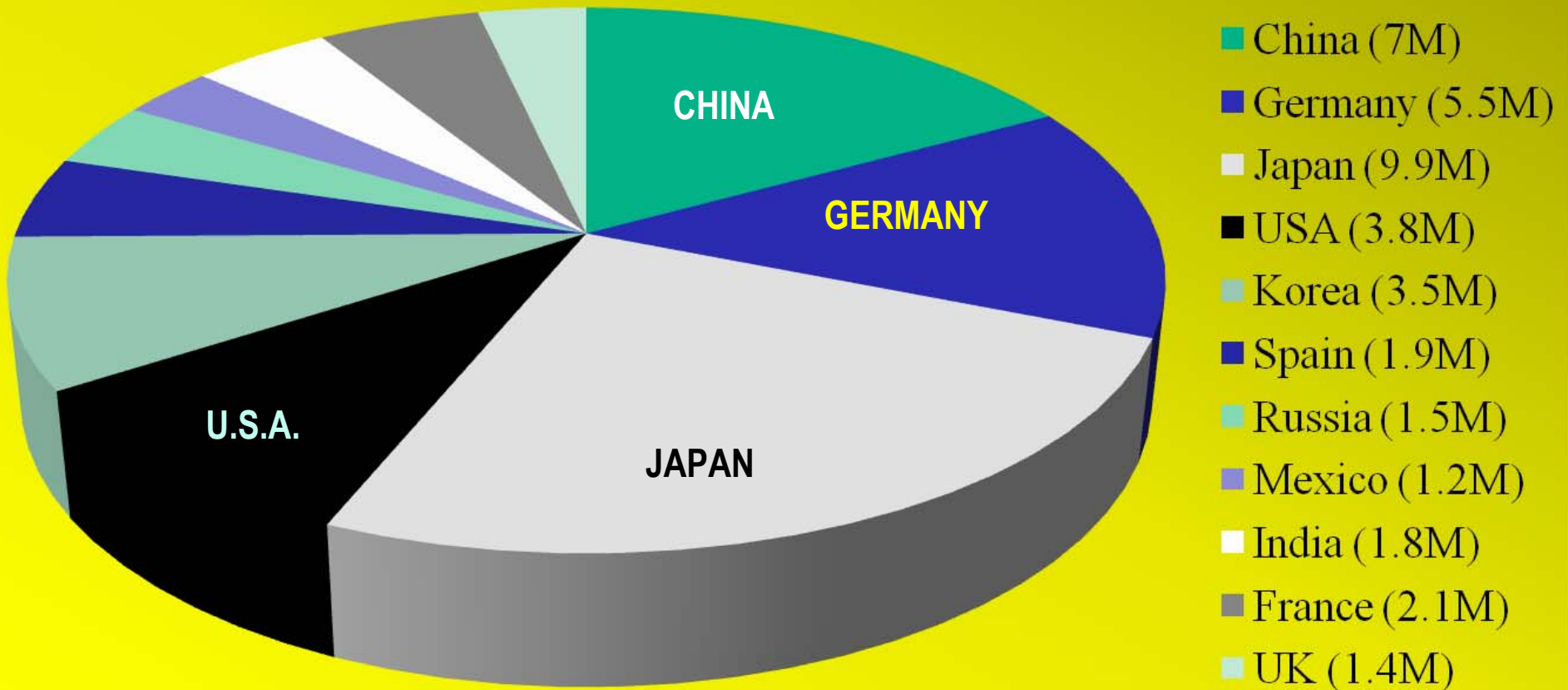
- Cars and roads fulfill our transportation needs
- Roads and highways are our transportation "superhighway"

Number of cars have been rising!

- How many cars in USA, China, India, Korea, Japan, etc? Do you know? (China = 27million) (India=4.8million) (USA=136million)
- 600 Million passenger cars in the world today!
- Huge business and it concerns our lives!



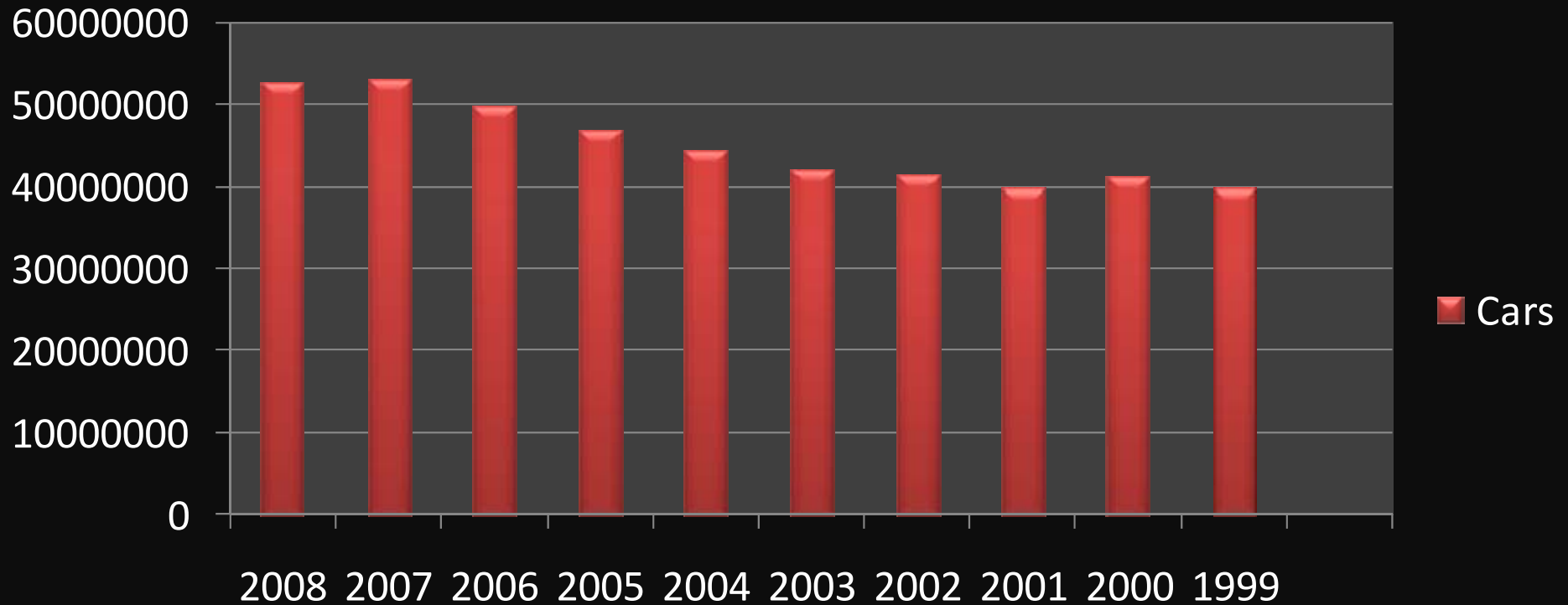
Car Production in Millions (Year 2008)





Cars Produced (2008 – 1999)

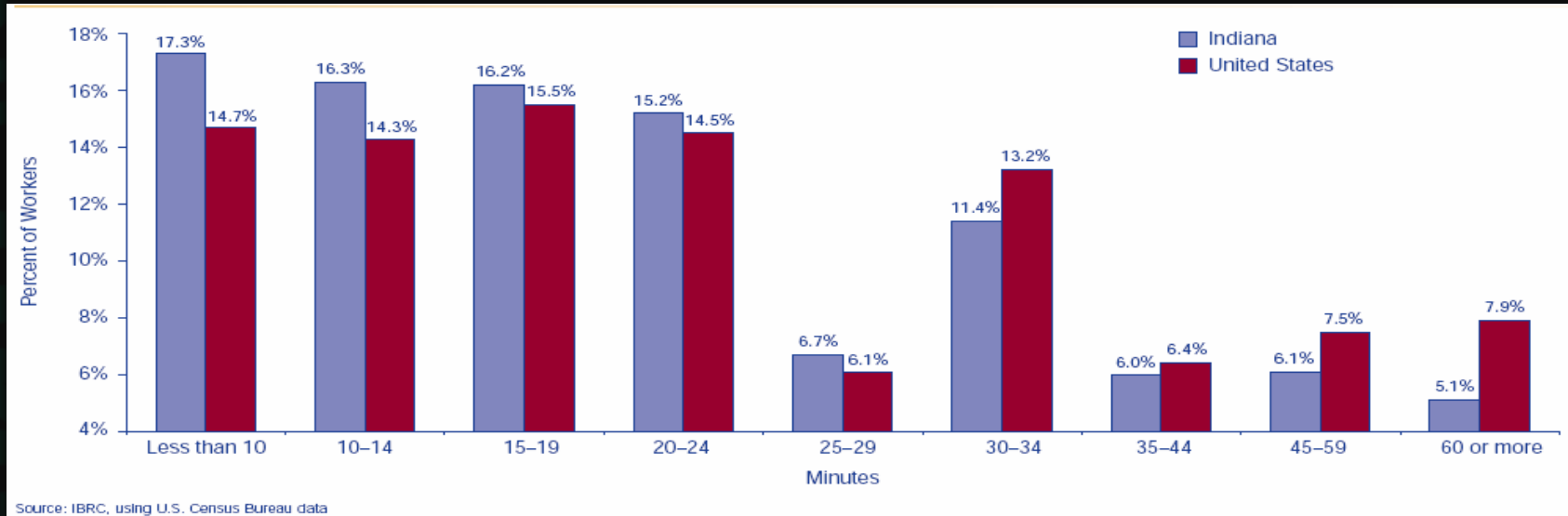
Source: OCIA





TREND #4

Increasing Time spent on the Road – Time is \$



Time = Destination + Your Speed + Congestion State + Other Factors

Interstate traveling time is much higher!!!

8 hours drive from Los Angeles to San Francisco on 405/101 Highway





The Time has come:



+



Transportation Highway meets the Information Superhighway!!!



P_{ast} ITS – Part 1

1. Focus was on civil engineering!
2. Focus on building efficient roads, highways, freeways, signs,,,,.

P_{ast} ITS – Part 2

1. Focus was on mechanical/automotive engineering
2. Focus on building faster and powerful cars
3. For driving at high speed and long distances (as in USA)



P_{ast} ITS – Part 3

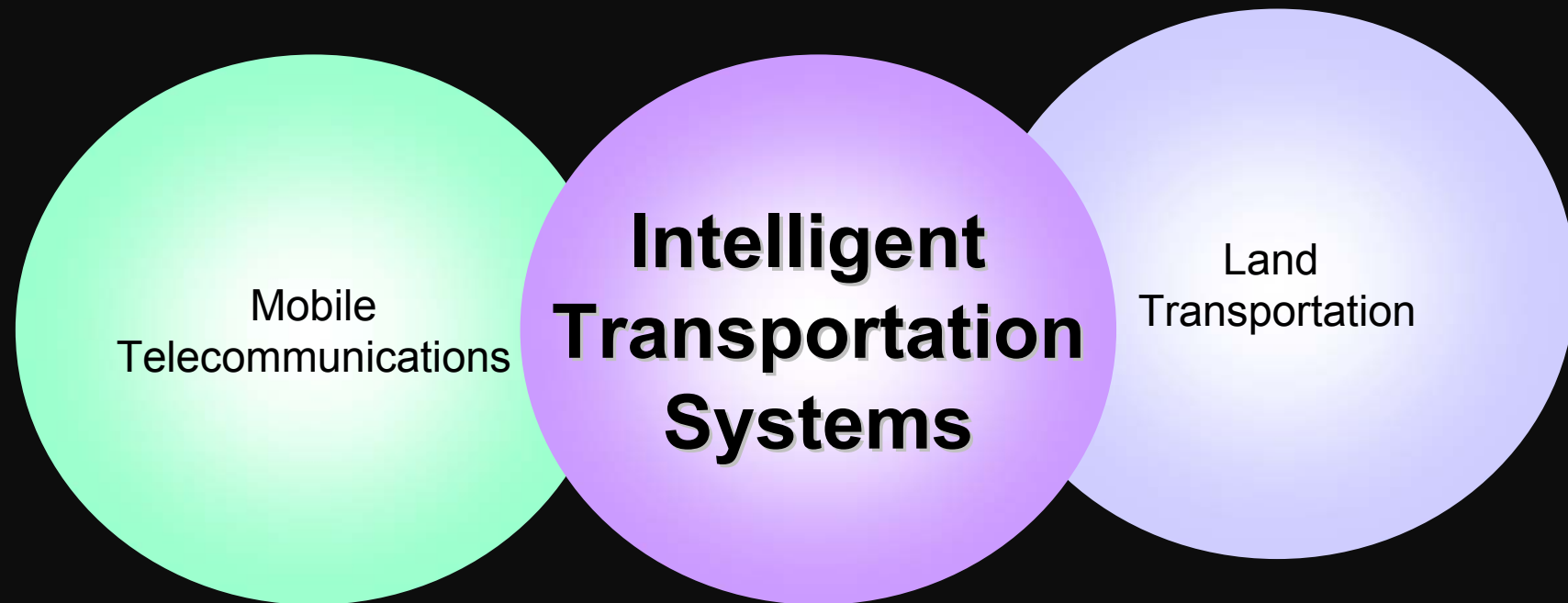
1. Focus on electronics engineering
2. Build safer cars, with more electronic sensors
3. Electronic control for seats, audio, meters, etc.

N_{ow} ITS – Part 4

1. Focus is on embedding mobile telecoms/networks
2. Car-to-car ad hoc wireless networks (Vehicular Networks)
3. Mobile-comms-enabled IT highways

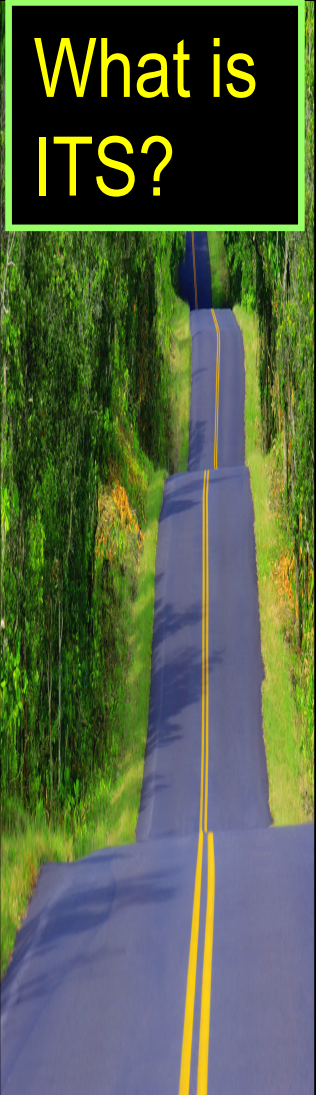


What is **ITS**? **ITS** is a **F**usion **T**opic !





©ETSI 2008



Intelligent Infrastructure

<p>Arterial Management</p>	<p>Freeway Management</p>	<p>Transit Management</p>	<p>Incident Management</p>	<p>Emergency Management</p>
<p>Electronic Payment and Pricing</p>	<p>Traveler Information</p>	<p>Information Management</p>	<p>Crash Prevention and Safety</p>	<p>Roadway Operations and Maintenance</p>
<p>Road Weather Management</p>		<p>Commercial Vehicle Operations</p>	<p>Intermodal Freight</p>	

Intelligent Vehicles

<p>Collision Avoidance Systems</p>	<p>Driver Assistance Systems</p>	<p>Collision Notification Systems</p>
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**ITS
Standards &
Programs**



Intra-Car Standardization

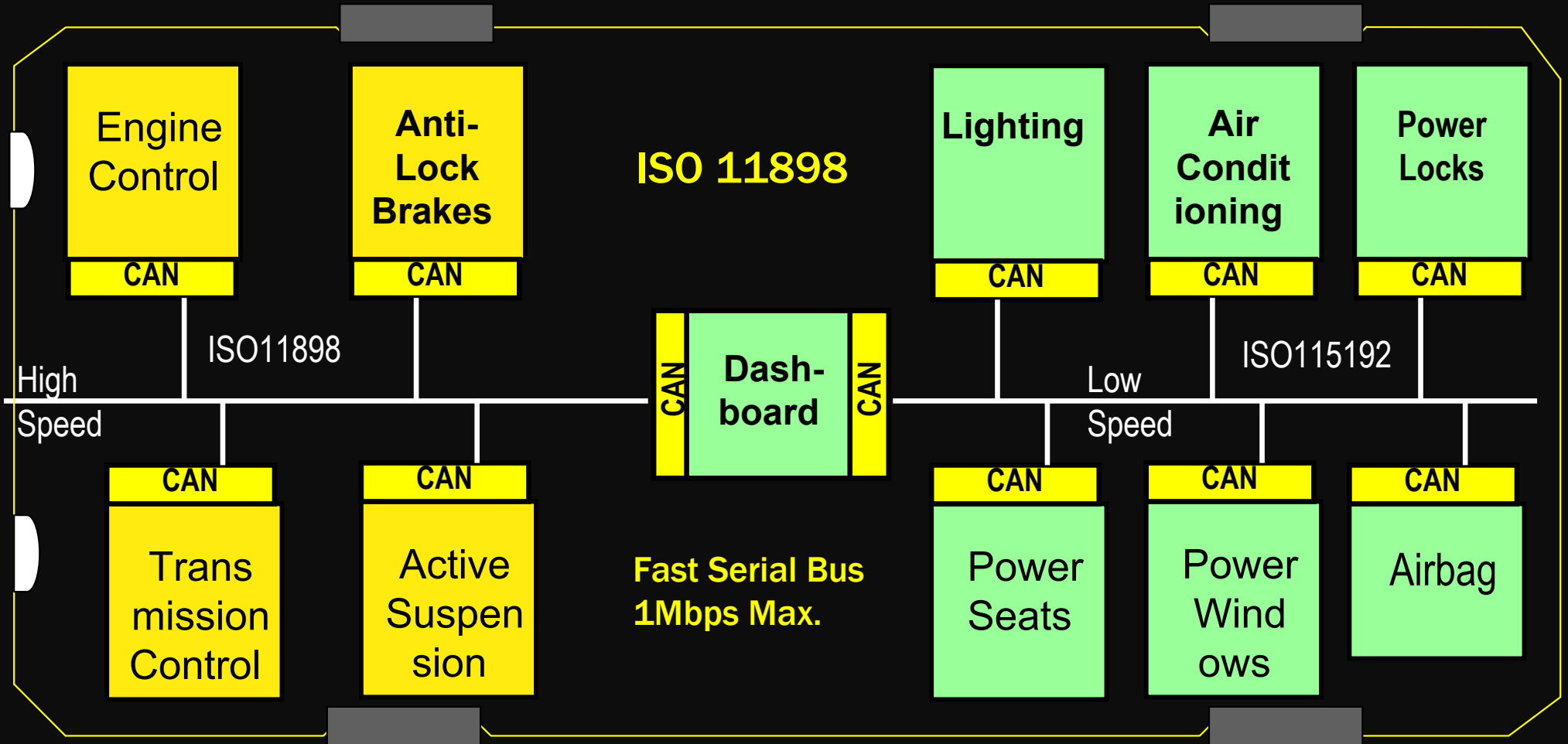


Inter-Car Standardization





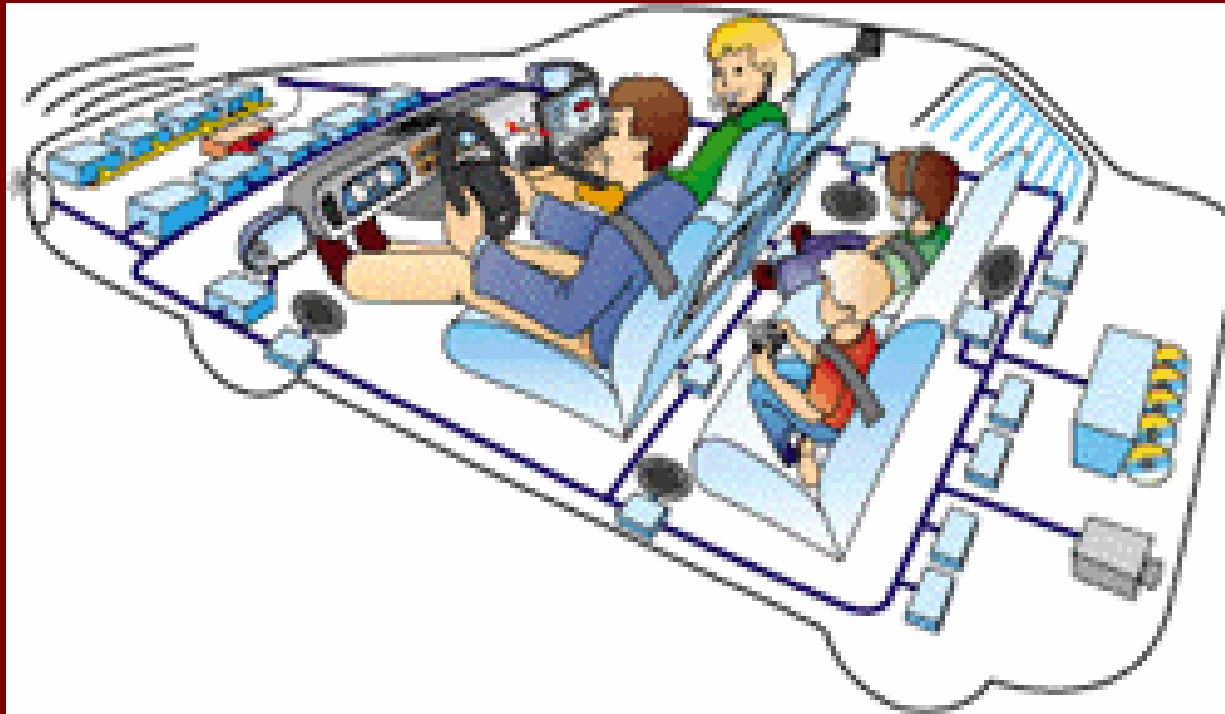
Standards for Intra-Car Interconnection: CAN (Controller Area Network)



Originally developed by German Company Robert Bosch



Intra-Car Communications



Controller Area Network – Fast Serial Bus 1Mbps max

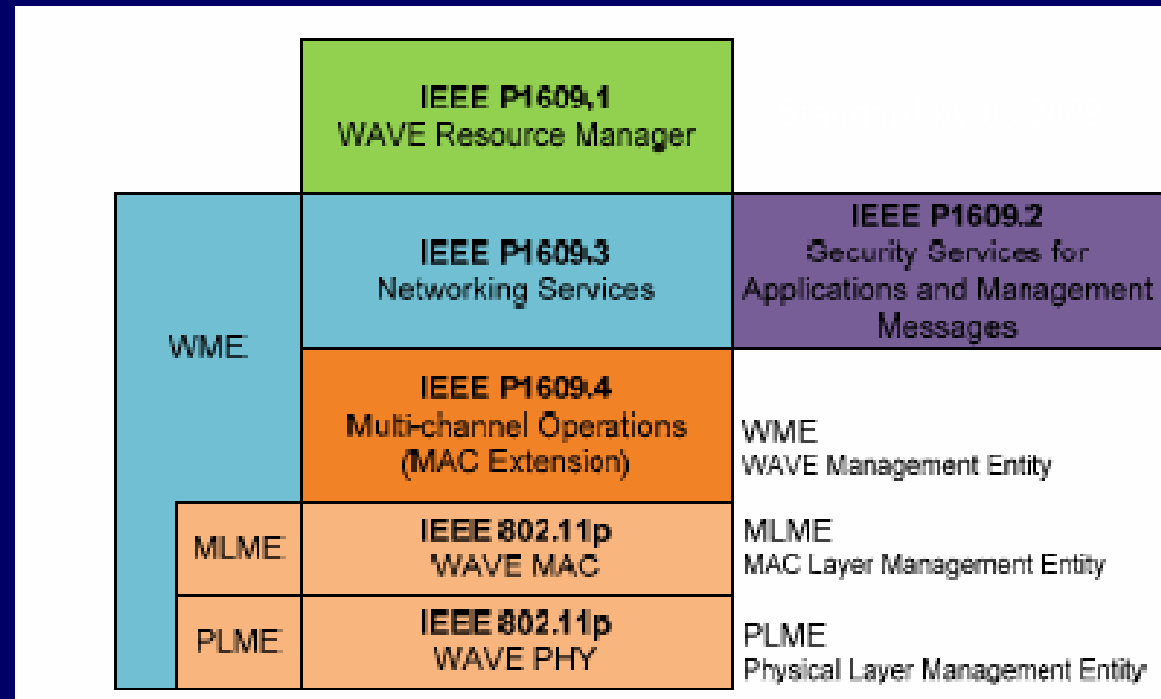
MANY OPTIONS

- BLUETOOTH
[1m, 10m, 100m] 2.4GHz
- CAN
- SERIAL
- INFRA-RED
- ETHERNET?
- UWB ?
802.15.4 PAN / up 10GHz



Inter-Car Communications (802.11p WAVE?)

- CALM
- IEEE
- 802.11p
- 802.11s
- 802.11a

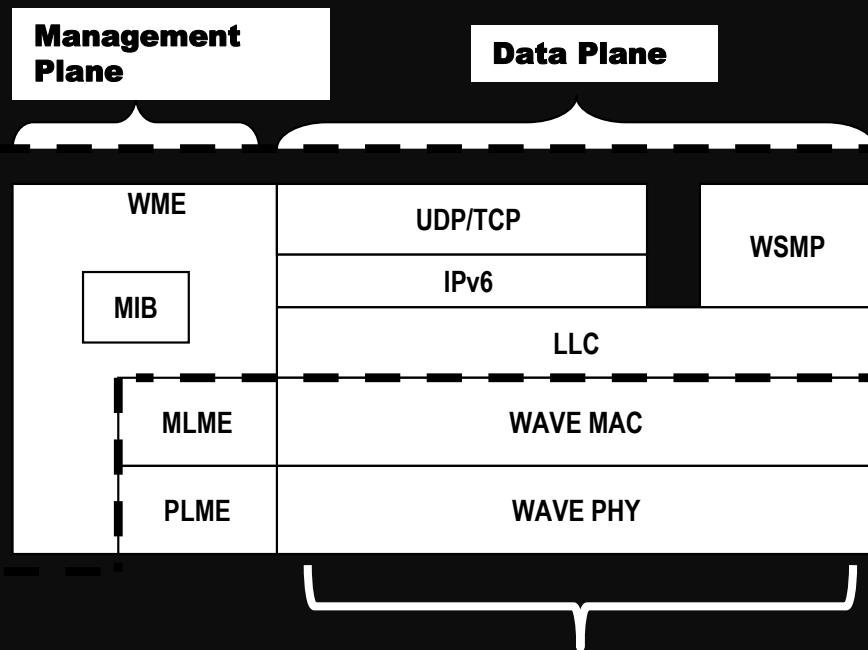


Status: http://grouper.ieee.org/groups/802/11/Reports/tgp_update.htm

WAVE = Wireless Access in Vehicular Environments

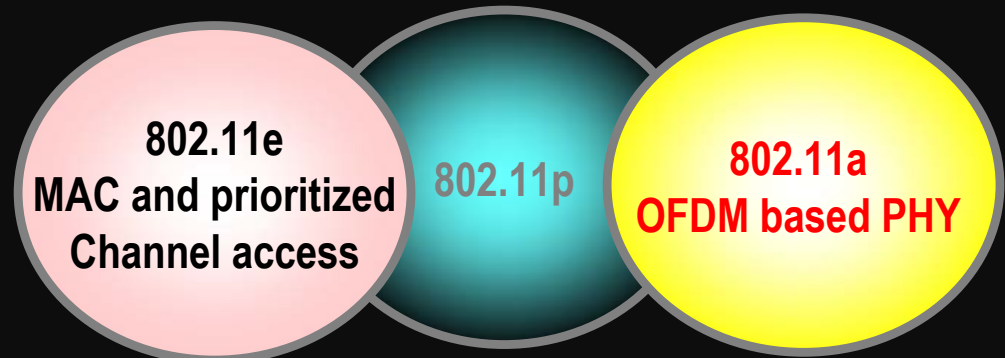
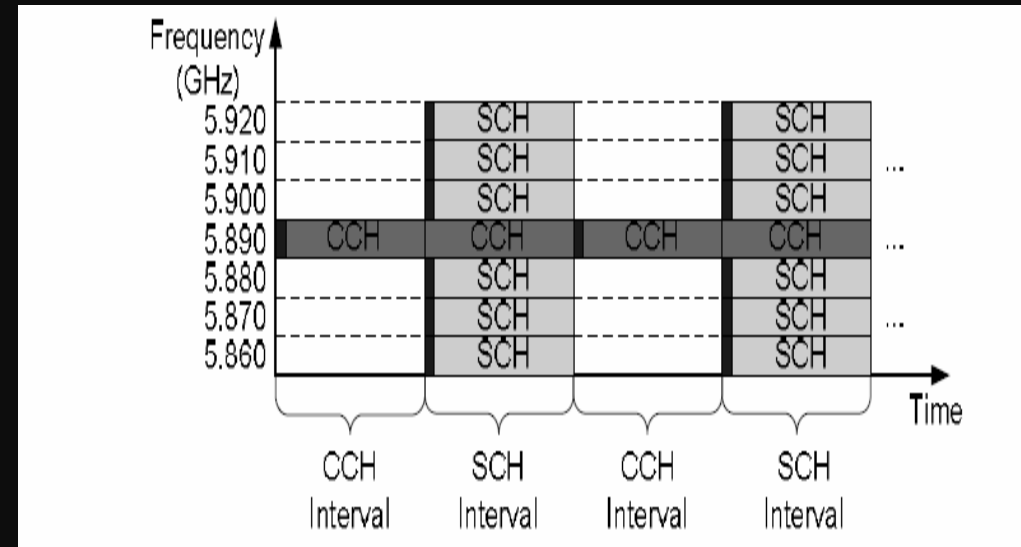


WAVE Protocol Stack



WAVE Short Message (1400bytes)
 Control & Service Channels
 Multichannel operations
 PHY OFDM 5.9GHz

WAVE Multi-Channel Operations

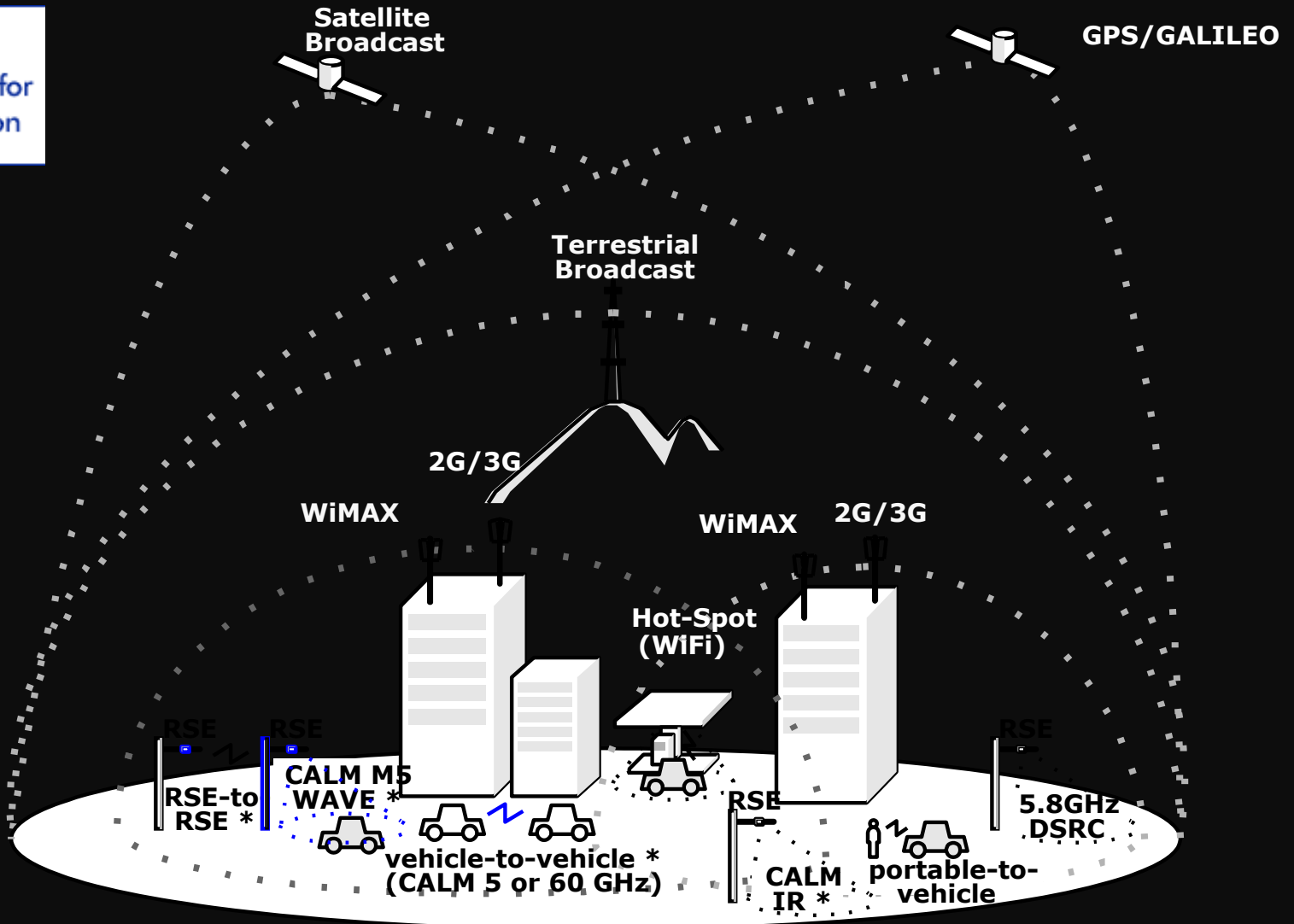




CALM –
Continuous Air
Interface for
Long & Medium
Distance

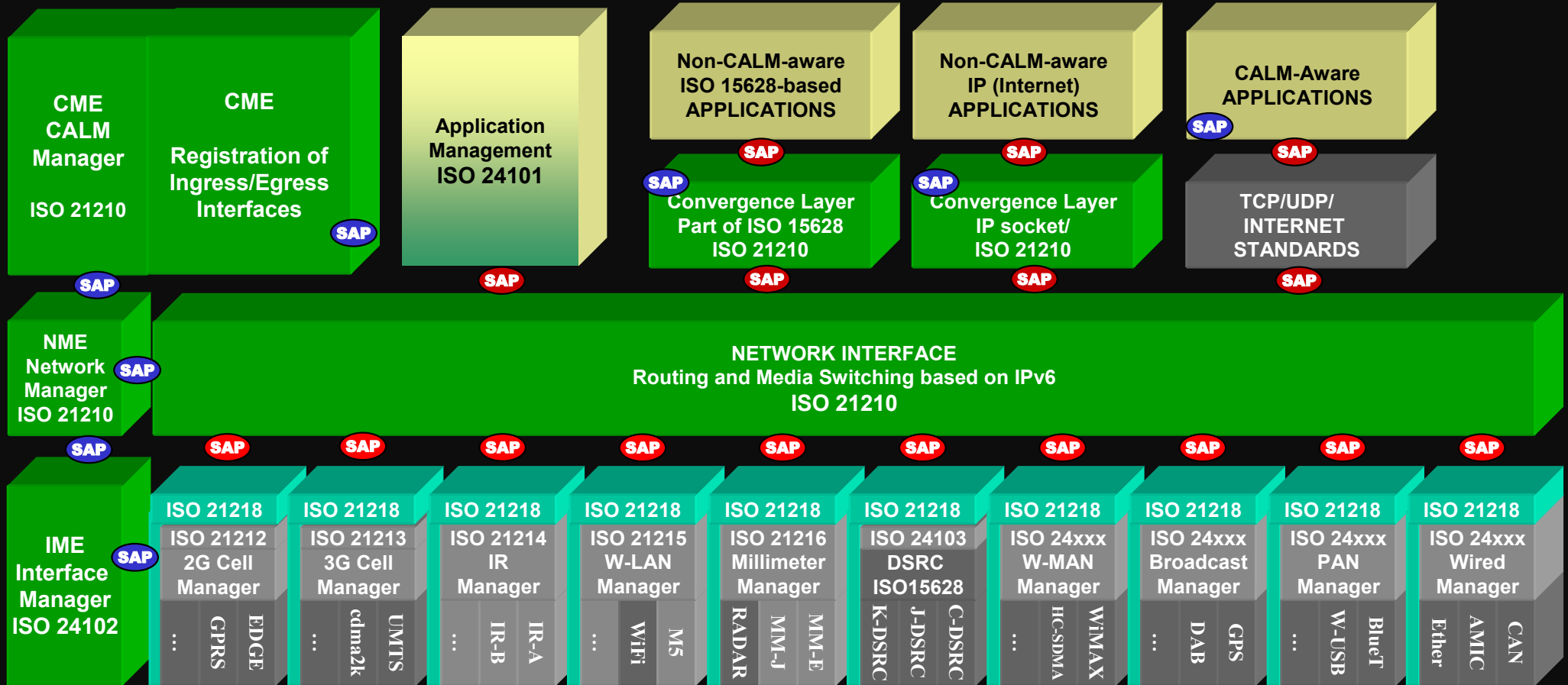
ISO TC 204
WG 16

GPRS+WLAN





CALM Protocol Stack



CALM Media External Media **CALM Network** 21218 = LSAP Applications

Data SAP **Management SAP**



CAR 2 CAR
COMMUNICATION CONSORTIUM

IN EUROPE



BMW Group



DAIMLERCHRYSLER

Objectives:

1. Create open standard for C-2-C comms based on WLANs.
2. Development of safety applications
3. Strive for free European wide Frequency band for C-2-C comms
4. Develop business models for market penetration



ITS Internet Consortium In JAPAN

Objectives:

1. Create development scenarios for ITS
2. Promote and standardize ITS technologies
3. Incubate new business

SOURCE :

<http://www.internetits.org>





TC 204 – Intelligent Transport Systems

Scope: Standardization of information, communication, and control systems In the field of urban and rural surface transportation, including traffic Management, traveller information, emergency services, etc.

Working Groups (WG)	Technical Coverage
TC204 / WG 1	Architecture
TC204 / WG 3	Database Technology
TC204 / WG 4	Automatic Vehicle & Equipment Identification
TC204 / WG 5	Fee and Toll Collection
TC204 / WG 7	General Fleet Management & Commercial Freight
TC204 / WG 8	Public Transport / Emergency
TC204 / WG 9	Integrated Transport Information, Management & Control
TC204 / WG 10	Traveller Information Systems
TC204 / WG 11	Route Guidance & Navigation Systems
TC204 / WG 14	Vehicule / Roadway Warning & Control Systems
→ TC204 / WG 15	Dedicated Short Range Communications (DSRC) for Applications
→ TC204 / WG 16	Wide Area Communications / Protocols and Interfaces



Keynote

IEEE WAVE 2009 Conference

21 December 2009, Shanghai, CHINA



Many EU Sponsored Programs

- AIDE – Adaptive Integrated Driver-Vehicle Interface
- AIDER – Accident Information & Driver Emergency Rescue
- ATLANTIC – A Thematic Long-term Approach to Networking for Telematics & ITS Community
- PREVENT – Preventive & Active Safety Applications for Road Safety on European Roads
- ADOSE – Reliable Application Specific Detection of Road Users with Vehicle On-Board Sensors
- INTERSAFE – Cooperative Intersection Safety
- SAFERIDER – Advanced Telematics for Enhancing Safety & Comfort of Motorcycle Riders
- COOPERS – Cooperative Networks for Intelligent Road Safety
- HIGHWAY – Intelligent Maps & Geographic Tools for Context-aware Delivery of E-Safety
- I-WAY – Intelligent Cooperative Systems in Car for Road Safety
- COMeSAFETY – Communications for E-Safety
- CarTALK2000 – Advanced Driver Support System based on V2V Comms Technologies
- SAFESPOT- Cooperative Vehicles & Road Infrastructure for Road Safety
- CVIS – Cooperative Vehicle-Infrastructure Systems

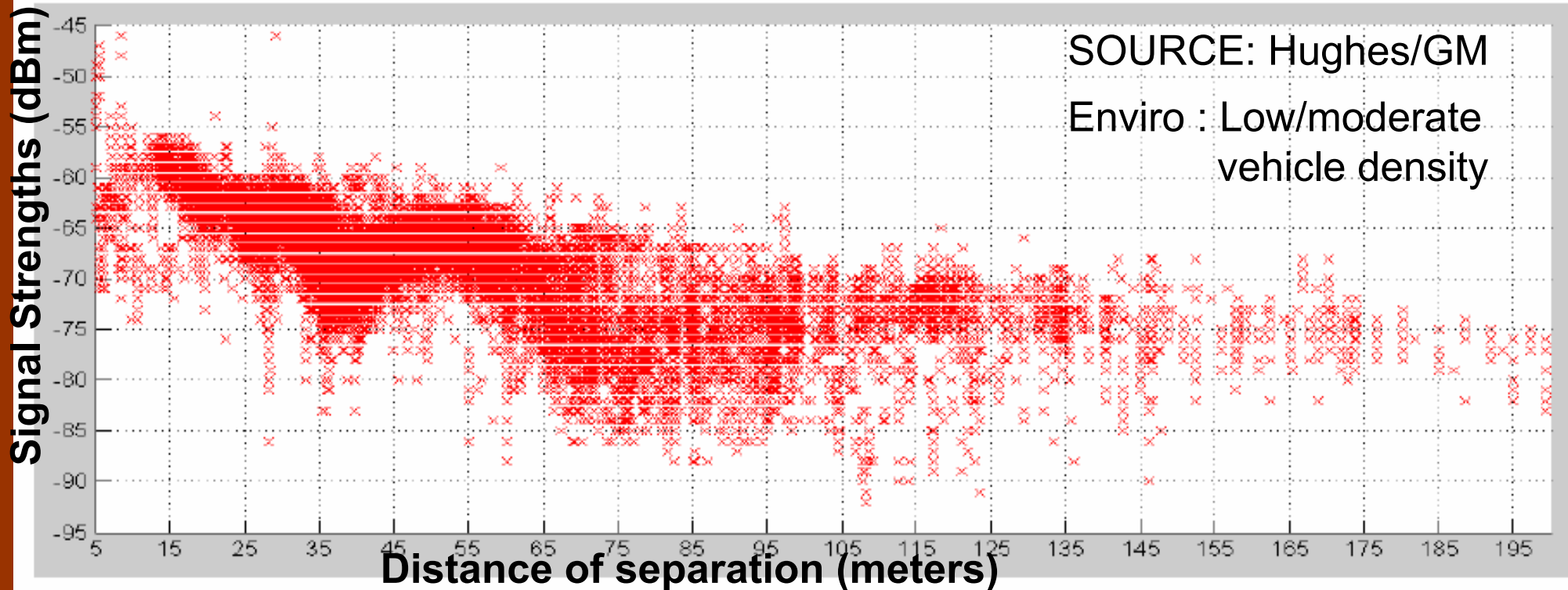


A large, modern architectural structure with a complex, arched, lattice-like roof, illuminated with blue light. The structure appears to be a large indoor space, possibly a stadium or a convention center, with a walkway in the foreground.

**ITS
Architectures**



- Why Multi-hop for C2C comms?

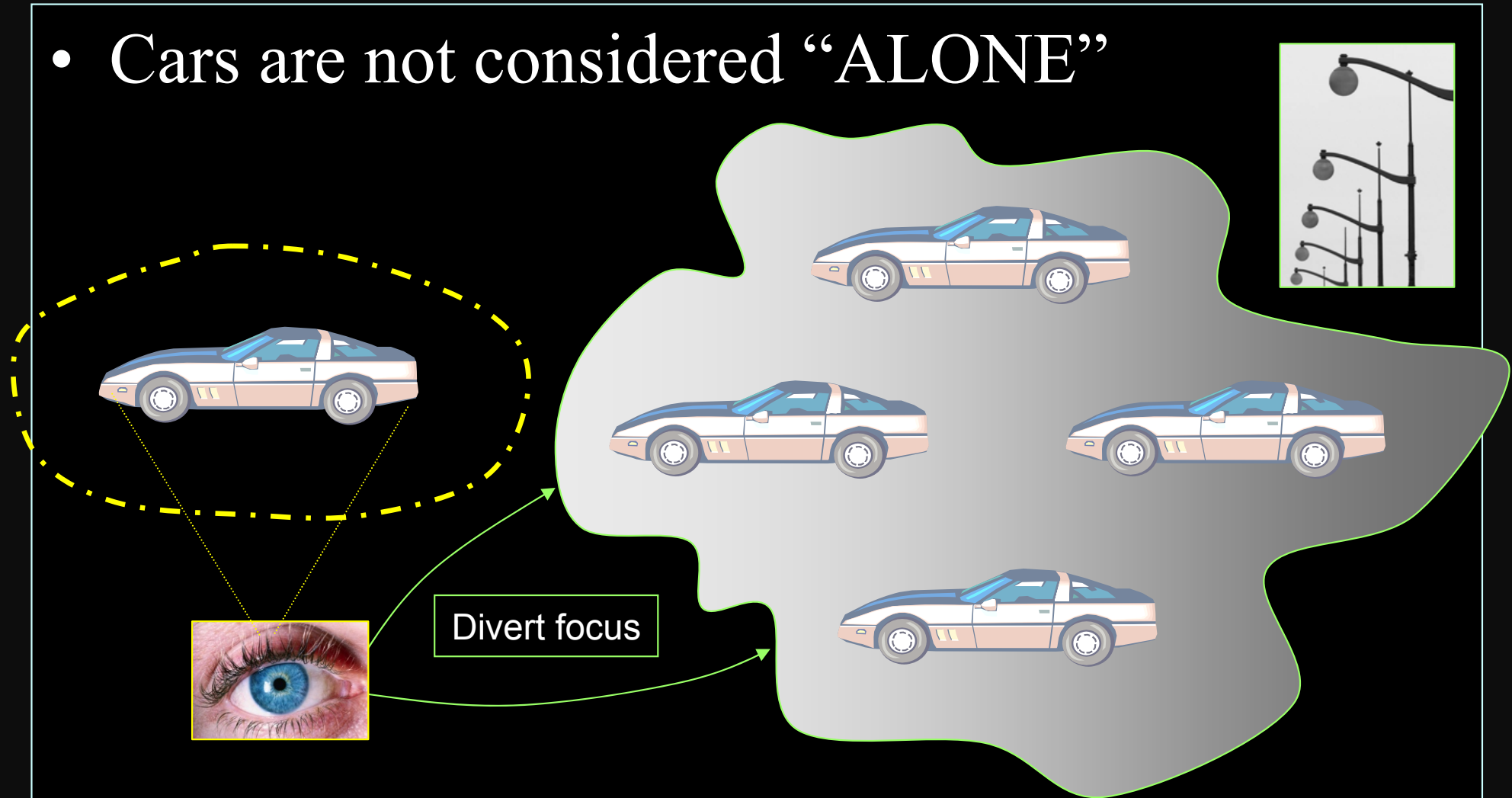


- ▶ Communications between 2 cars getting weaker over distance with mobility
- ▶ Ad hoc; rapidly deployable; smart localized communications; Can reach other/further cars



ARCHITECTURES OF CAR-TO-CAR NETWORKS

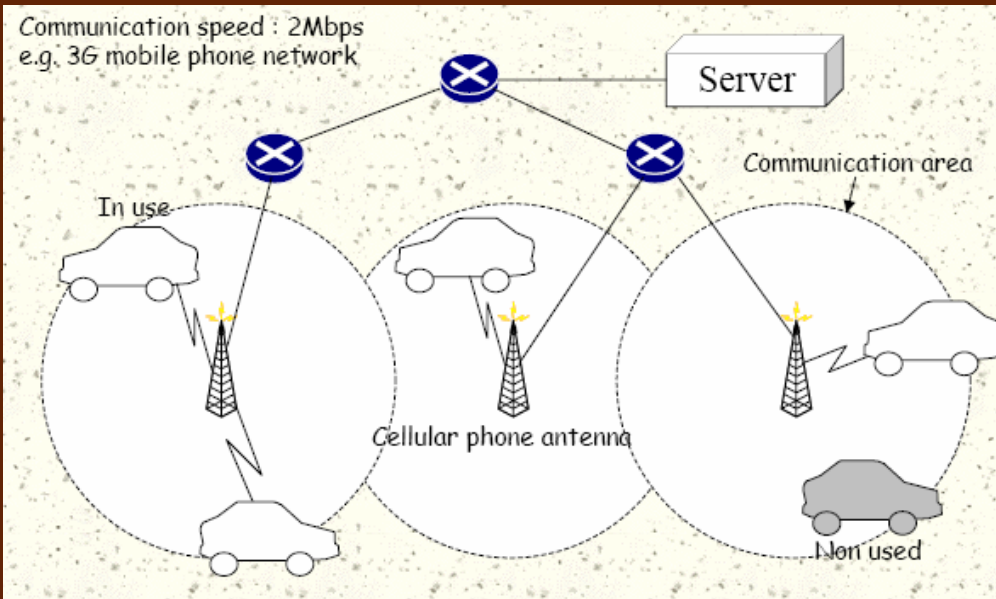
- Cars are not considered “ALONE”





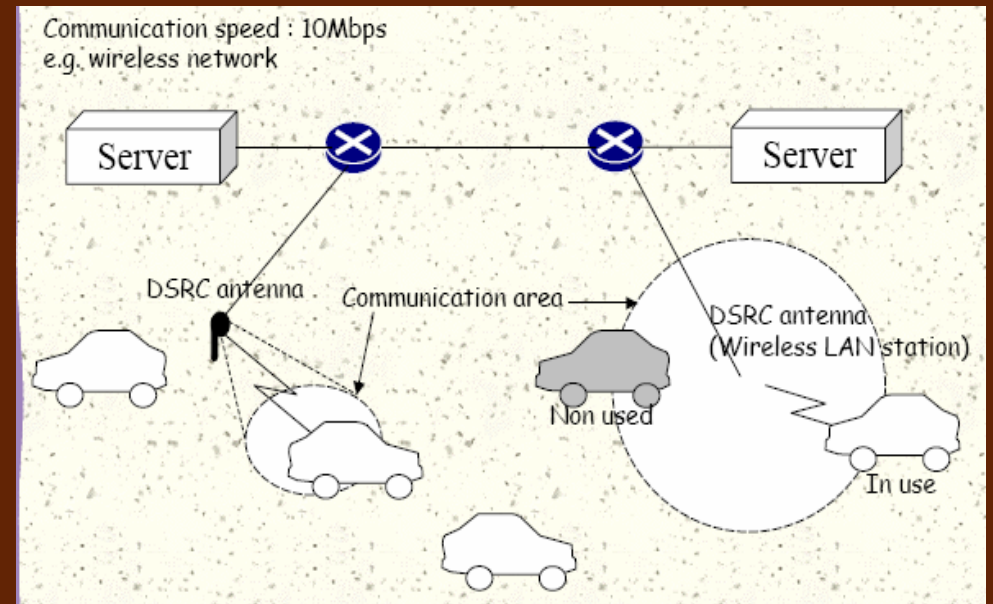
ARCHITECTURES OF CAR-TO-CAR NETWORKS

• Car2Cellular



- Car to car comms via cellular
- Not quite 3G plan
- Costly way
- 3G core network needs ITS DB

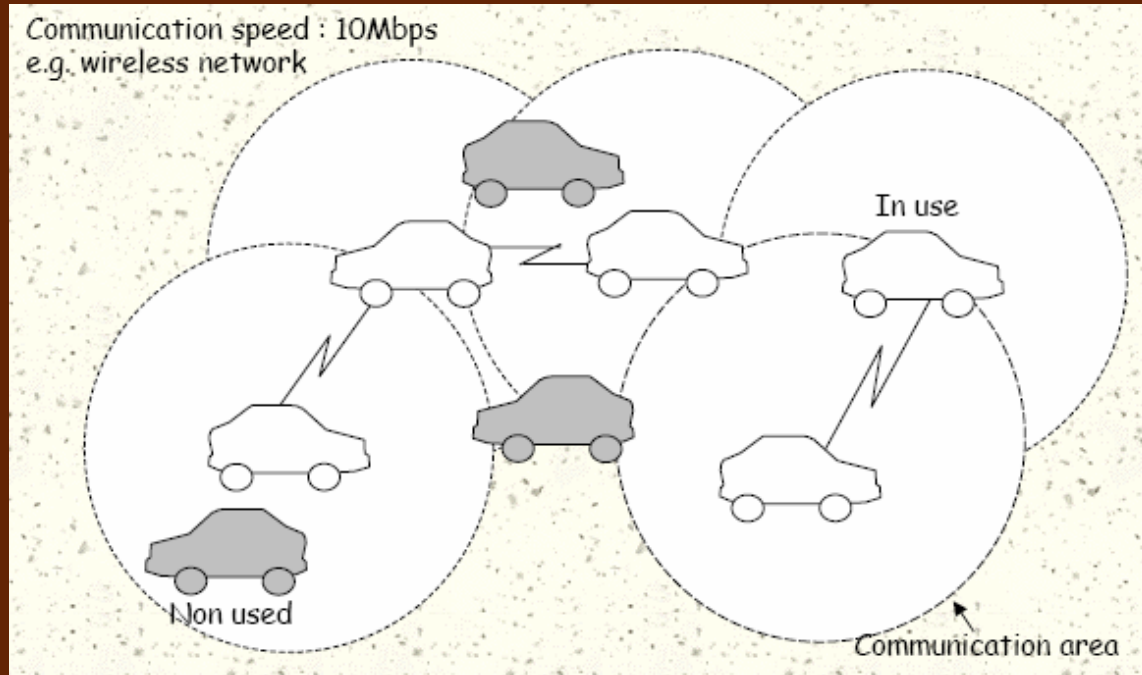
• Car2RS



- Short range communications
- 5.8GHz DSRC
- Well understood technology
- But mostly 1-hop scenarios



- Car2Car (new comms, new protocols,..)

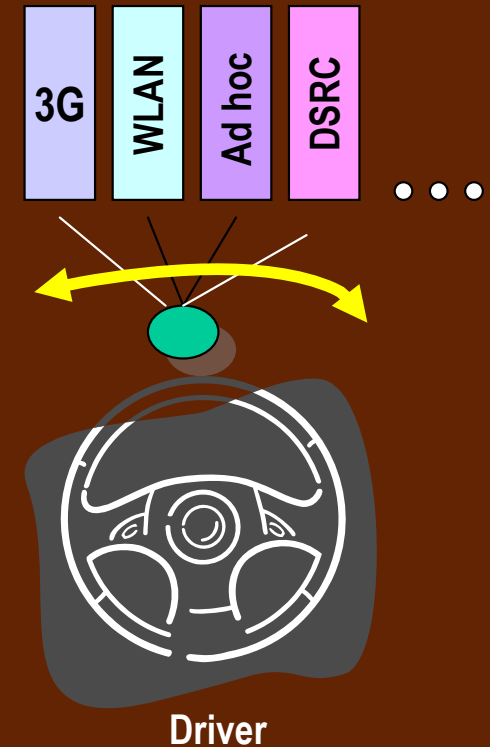
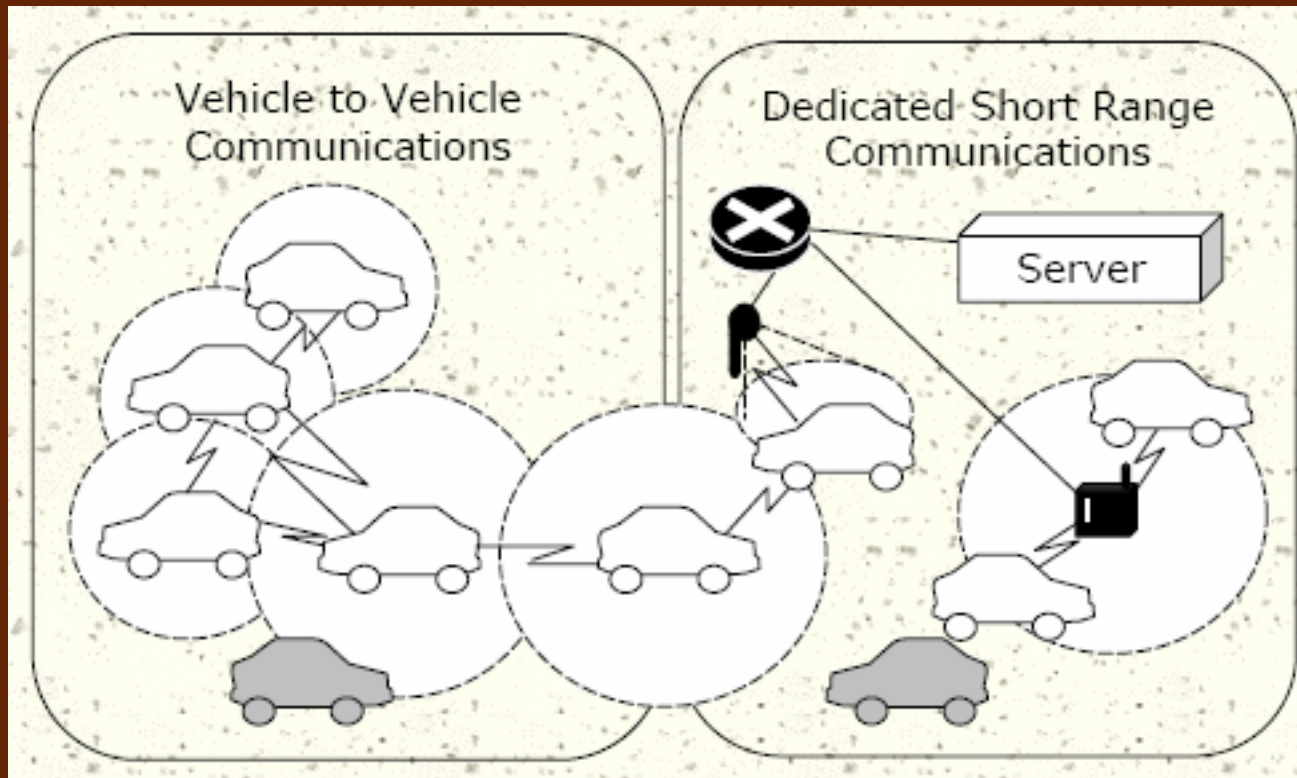


- **Vehicle** = motorbikes, cars, trucks, vans, taxis, ..
- **Mobility** = Group and movement constrained by road and highway
- **Speed** = from 0 – 90 miles/hour (USA)

- New scenario
- Backed by ad hoc technology
- Great potential
- Great innovations
- In development
- Many guesses on wireless technologies:
 - ▶ 802.11b/a/n/g
 - ▶ 802.11p wave
 - ▶ 802.11s mesh
 - ▶ WiBro ? 802.16e
 - ▶ Infrared ?
 - ▶ Satellite ?
 - ▶ ? ? ?



• Hybrid Scenarios – Why not?





Research

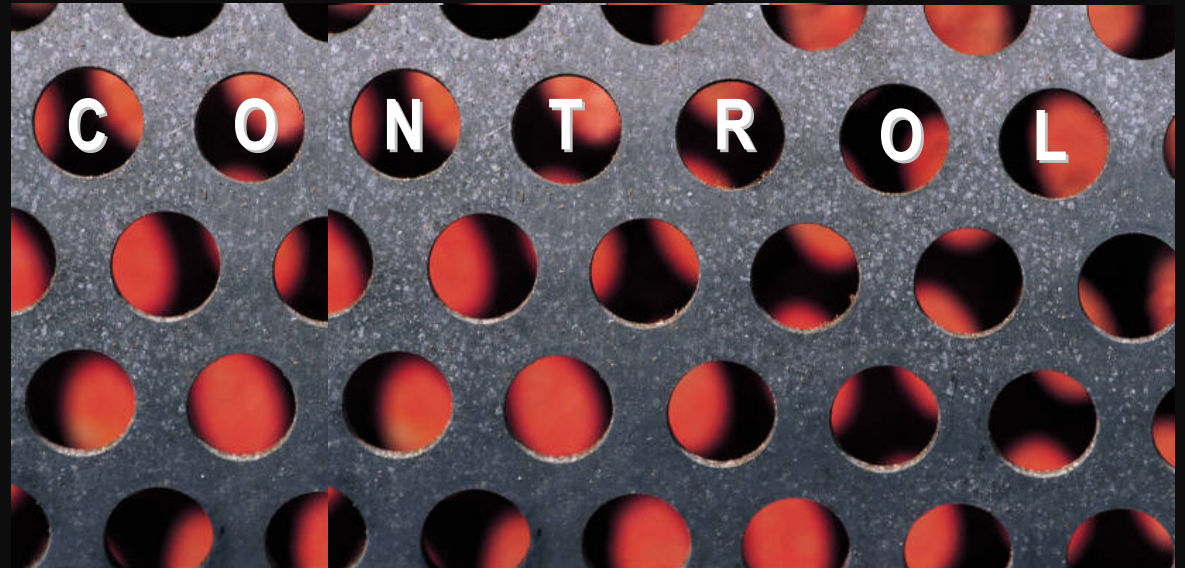


Compelling Questions for Researchers

1. What “types of data” traffic exist in ITS?
2. What impact of car mobility on “data traffic flow”?
3. How is vehicular “mobility” handled?
4. How we do “channel access” for moving vehicles?
5. How we do “routing/rebroadcasting” for moving vehicles?
6. Can we support “multicast”?



2 “Planes” of ITS Networking Research





CK's View of "CONTROL" plane of ITS Networking

Research

1. Propagation of "vehicular traffic condition" is important

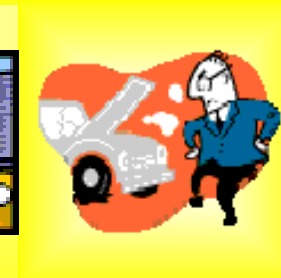
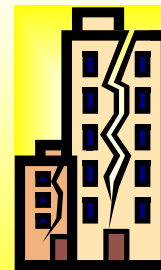
Vehicular traffic conditions include:

- Car accidents
- Car stalled (out of gas, engine failure, etc)
- Jam
- Natural disasters
 - Cracks on road (earthquake)
 - Ice on road (winter time)
 - Poor visibility (fog & heavy rain)
 - Slippery (heavy rain & floods)



2. Dangerous Drivers

- Drunk Drivers
- Reckless Drivers
- Criminals On-the-run
- Fatigue Drivers



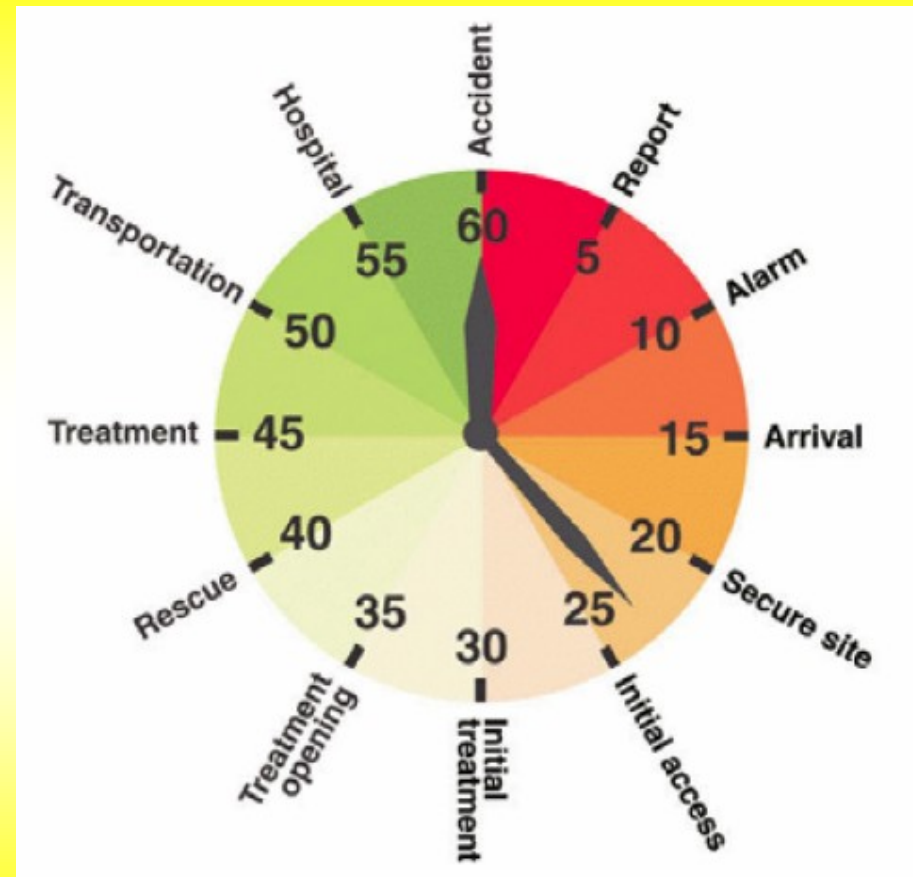


CK's View of "CONTROL" plane of ITS Networking

Research

3. Rescue Operation

- Localized rescue possible
- Reduce Rescue Delay
- Safe lives readily





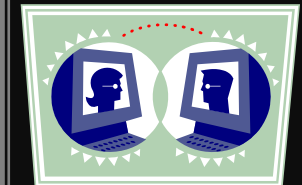
CK's view of "DATA" plane of ITS

1. Email data? **Research**
2. Information access (Server download)?
3. Multimedia News?
4. Remote work & Login (telnet, etc)
5. Video conferencing?
6. Multimedia computing?

KEY

It is hard to do computing while driving at the same time, unless we are talking about passengers who are not drivers.

Most data access can be done via cellular





“DATA” plane of ITS

research

- Wireless Comms
- Radio Propagation Models
- Media Access
- AD HOC Routing
- Multicasting
- Addressing
- TCP
- Gateway
- Mobility support
- Protocol stack
- INTEROPERABILITY
- QoS
- Cooperative Behavior
- Security

“CONTROL” plane of

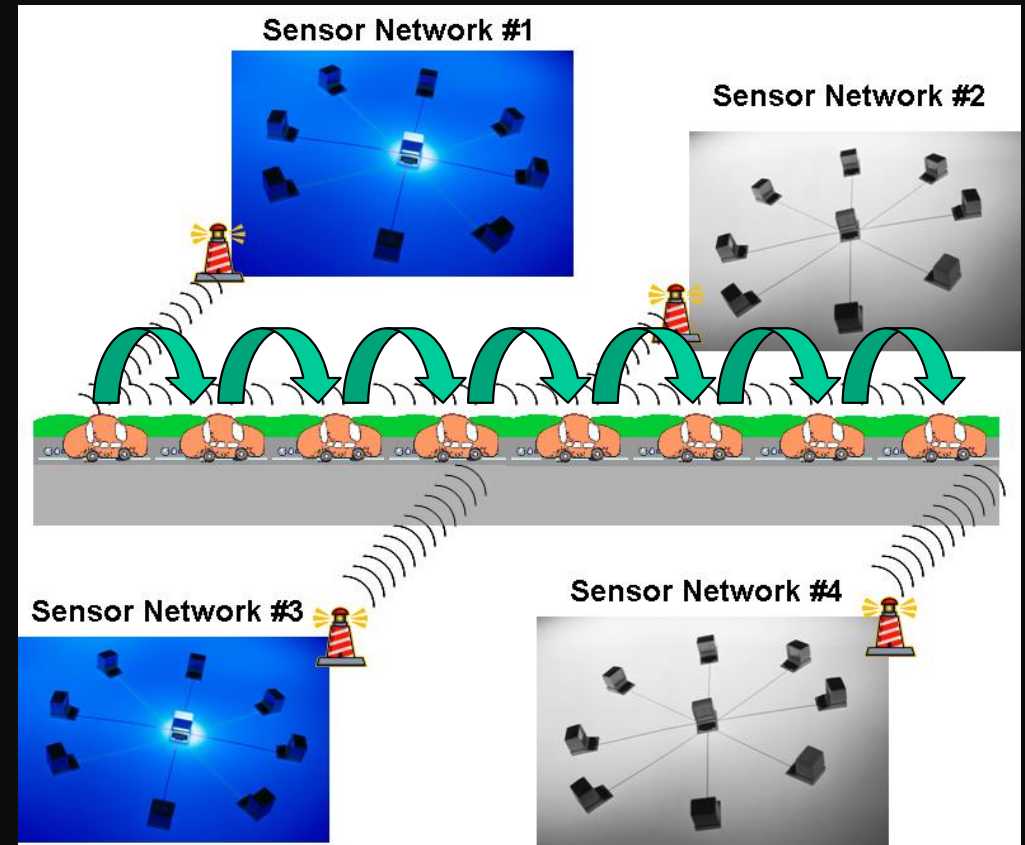
RESEARCH

- Control info dissemination
- Media access Control for emergency messages
- Routing / Broadcasting
- Beacons
- Traffic/road info gathering & fusion
- Control-based applications
- Pre/Post Crash Safety Mgmt
- Sensor data gathering
- Distributed detection of Dangerous vehicles
- CHARGING
- SECURITY



I. Cars to collect Sensors' Data.

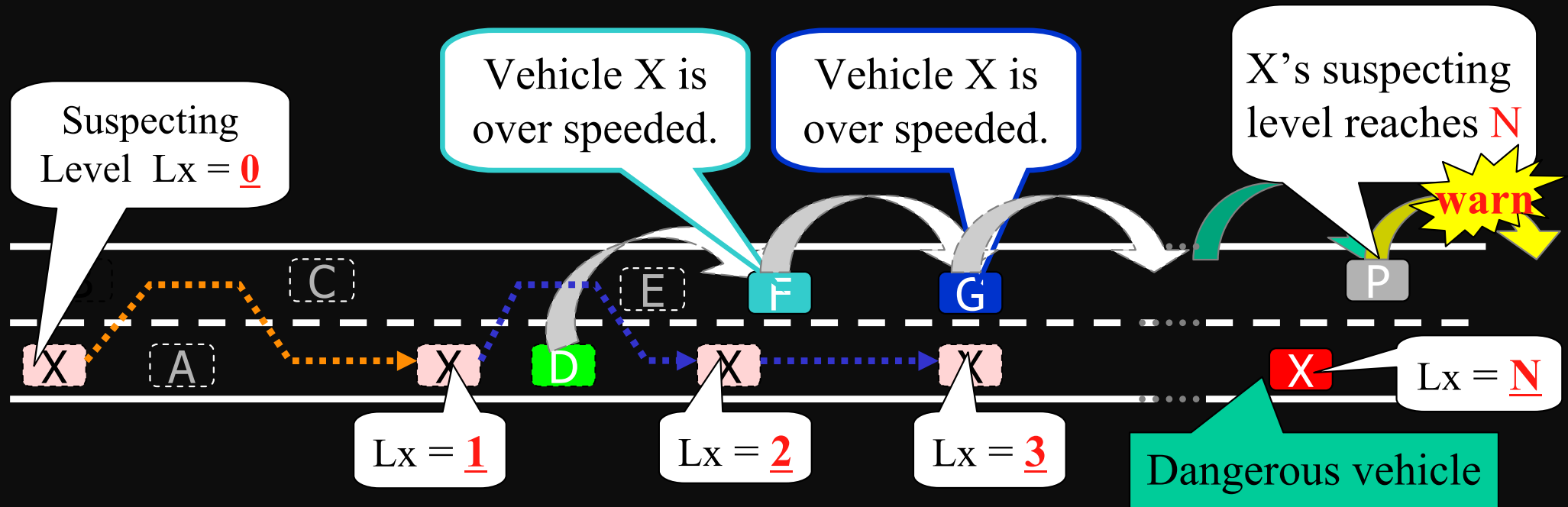
II. Cars as mobile sensors for environmental pollution sensing.





Dangerous Cars

Distributed Detection of Dangerous Vehicles on Roads & Highways using Inter-Vehicular Ad Hoc Communications



References:

- K. Isu, T. Umedu, C K Toh, et. al. "Detecting Dangerous Vehicles for Intelligent Transportation Systems" Proc. IEEE GLOBECOM 2006
- T. Umedu, K. Isu, T. Higashino, and C K Toh, "An Inter-Vehicular Communication Protocol for Distributed Detection of Dangerous Vehicles", IEEE Transactions on Vehicular Technology, 2010



New Protocols for ITS

Distributed MAC Challenges

- Centralized slot allocation bad
- QoS is a serious challenge
- WAVE MAC is a good start

Distributed Routing Challenges

- Pure Broadcast routing inefficient
- Broadcast what? Data or Alert?
- Handoff what?

Distributed V2V Protocols for:

- Accident/ Harzard Warning
- Congestion Control
- Detection of Dangerous
- Pre/Post Crash Safety Mgmt

Distributed V2I Challenges

- Upload and reporting
- Vehicle Tracking
- Download needed software
- Environmental monitoring

**Topics of Possible Research****- in ITS Networking**

1. Vehicular Sensing
2. Road Condition Sensing
3. Information Hovering
4. Traffic Data Aggregation
5. Car-2-X SDK
6. MAC Protocol Car-2-RSU
7. Automated Share Ride
8. Warning Message Dissemination Techniques
9. V2V Protocol for Collision Avoidance
10. V2V Protocol for Collision Notification
10. V2V Protocol for Congestion Notification & Avoidance
11. Position-based Rebroadcast
12. Software updates VANETs
13. Traffic Navigation using VANETs
14. Beaconing in VANETs
15. Special Routing
16. VANET Security
17. VANET Simulators
18. VANET Applications
19. Vehicular Gateways
20. Pre/Present/Post Crash Safety Mgmt
21. Vehicular "Black-box"



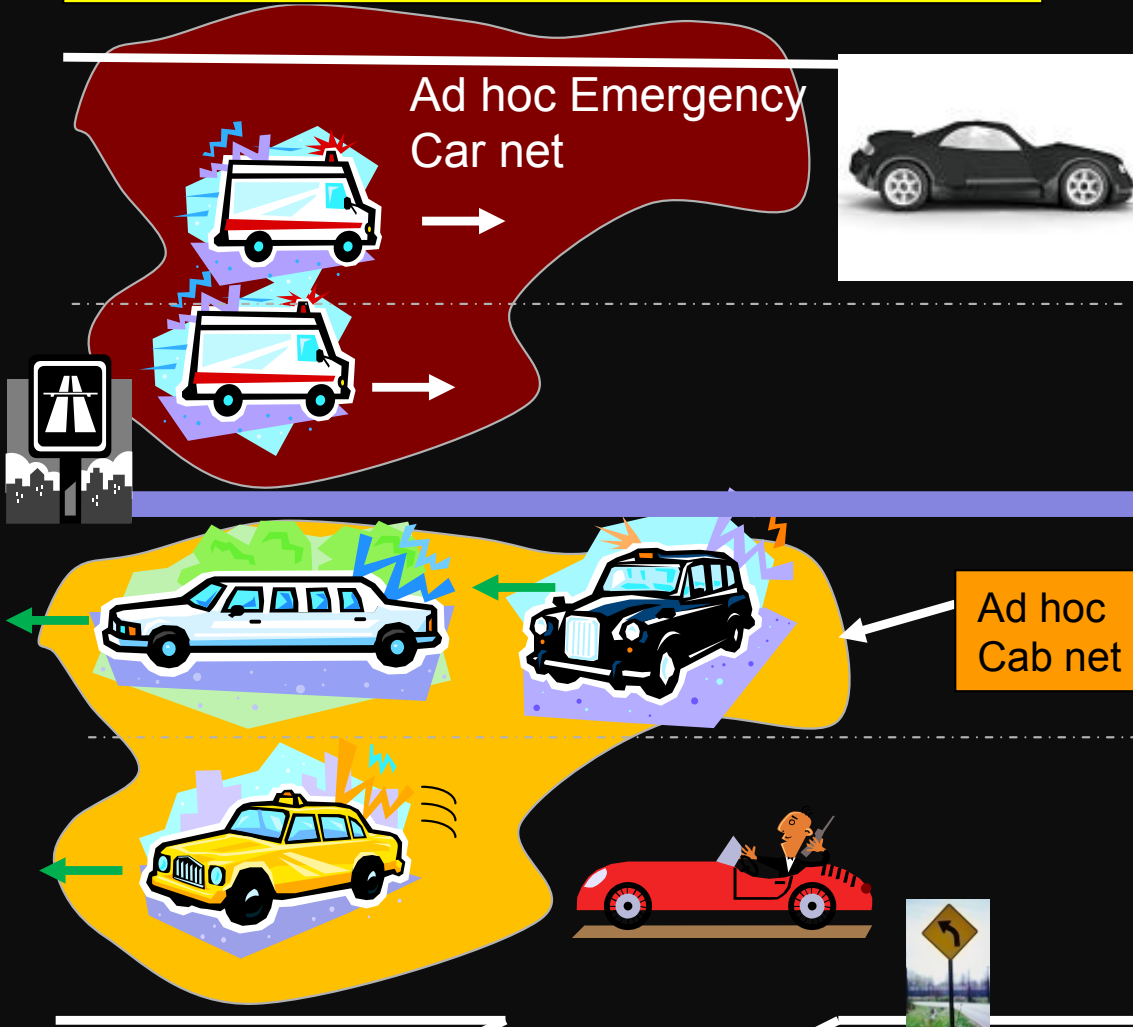
Ref: “Future Application Scenario of MANET-based Intelligent Transportation Systems” – Proc. Of IEEE FCGN Conference, 2007.

A large, glowing incandescent lightbulb is shown on the left side of the slide, set against a dark background. The bulb is lit, casting a warm, yellow light.

**“4” ITS
Applications**

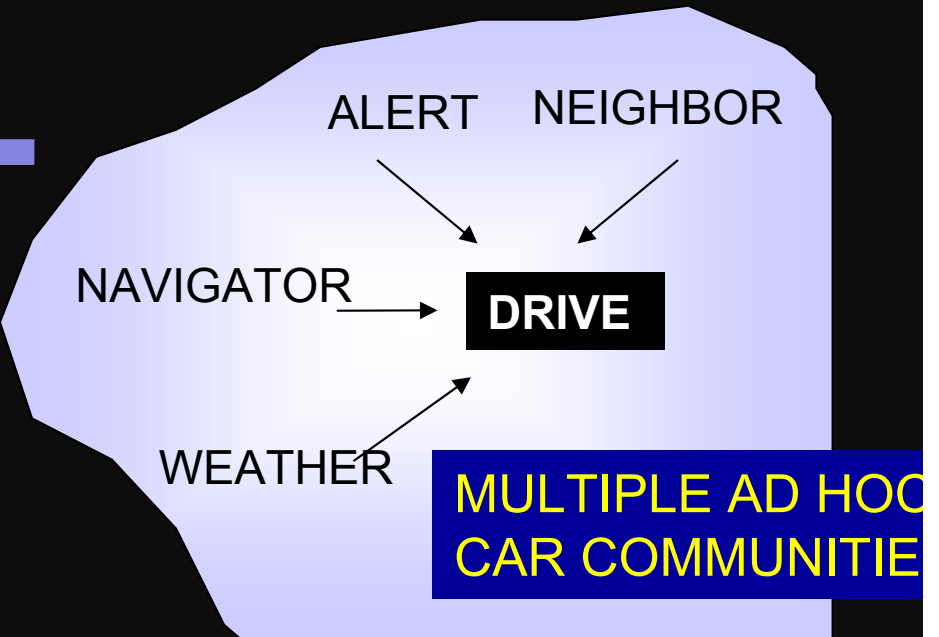


ITS mobile comms-enabled car communities



CAR COMMUNITIES

1. "Get-in-touch" on the road
2. Fulfill common mission
3. Use ad hoc comms
4. Instant networking

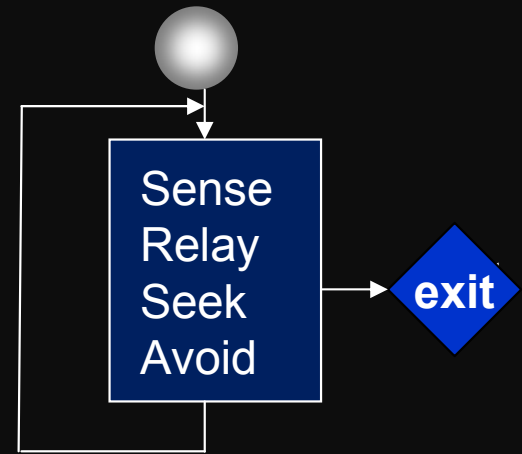
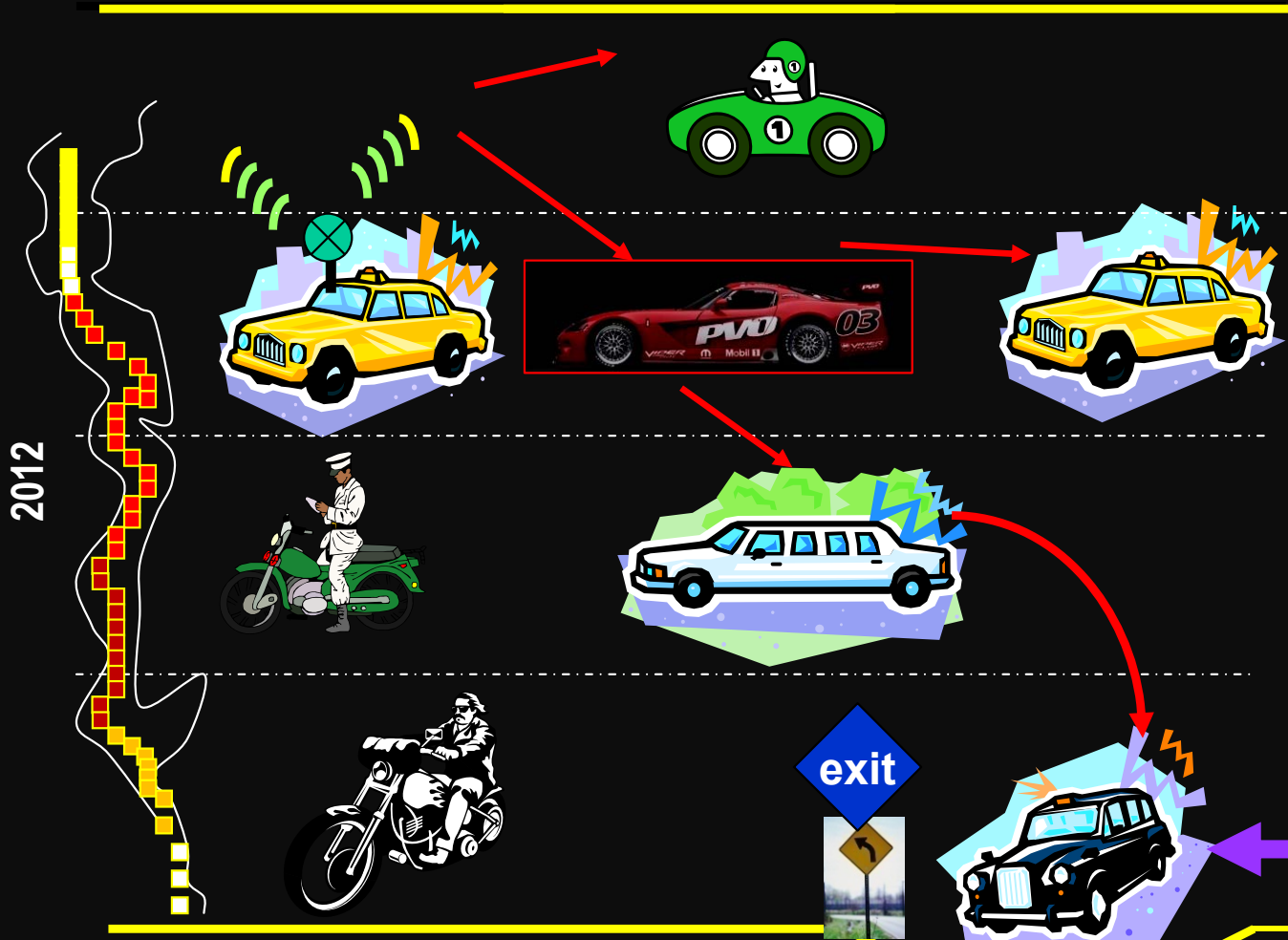




HARZARD NOTIFICATION & TRAFFIC CONTROL

TRAFFIC FLOW & CONGESTION CONTROL

Inform cars ahead/back
 Seek alternate routes
 Avoid further congestion
 - Call for HELP

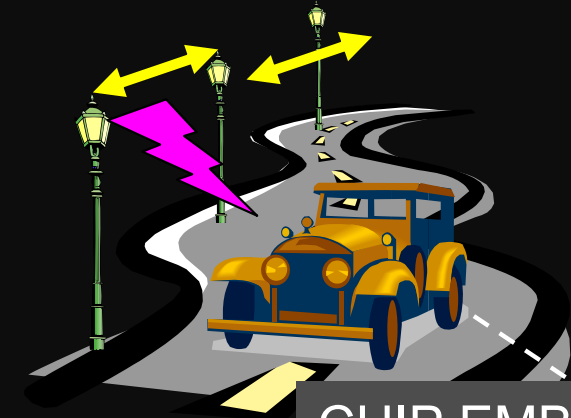


Car informed and seek nearest exit to avoid congestion

Navigation; Warning; Safety; Congestion Avoidance, etc

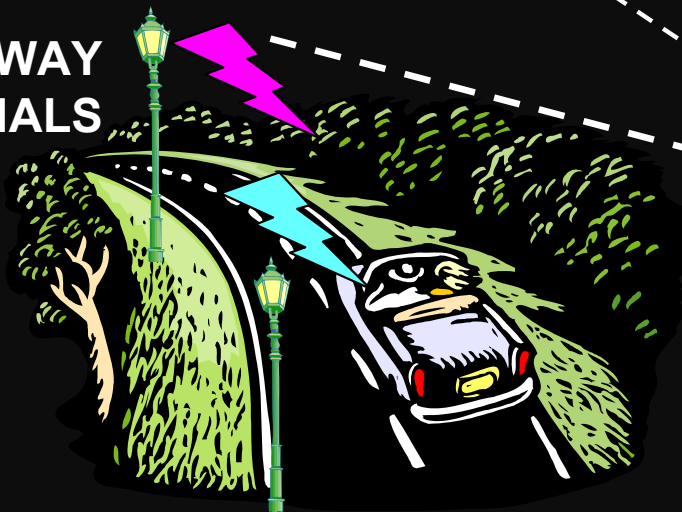


LAW ENFORCEMENT USING MULTIHOP COMMUNICATIONS



CHIP EMBEDDED INTO CAR. EMITS SECRET CODE WIRELESSLY.

STOLEN CARS OR RUN-AWAY CRIMINALS



POLICE

Tx Beacon
Rx Beacon
Relay Beacon
Report

Police tracks down location of stolen car to nearest Lamp-post and on specific street and city



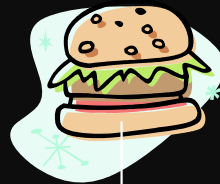
Café



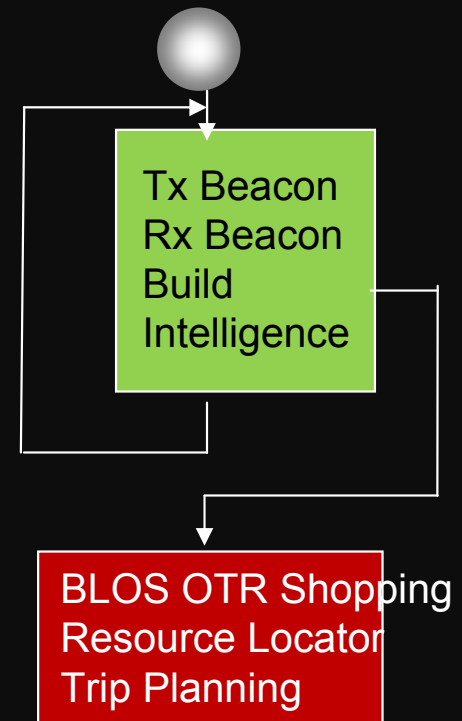
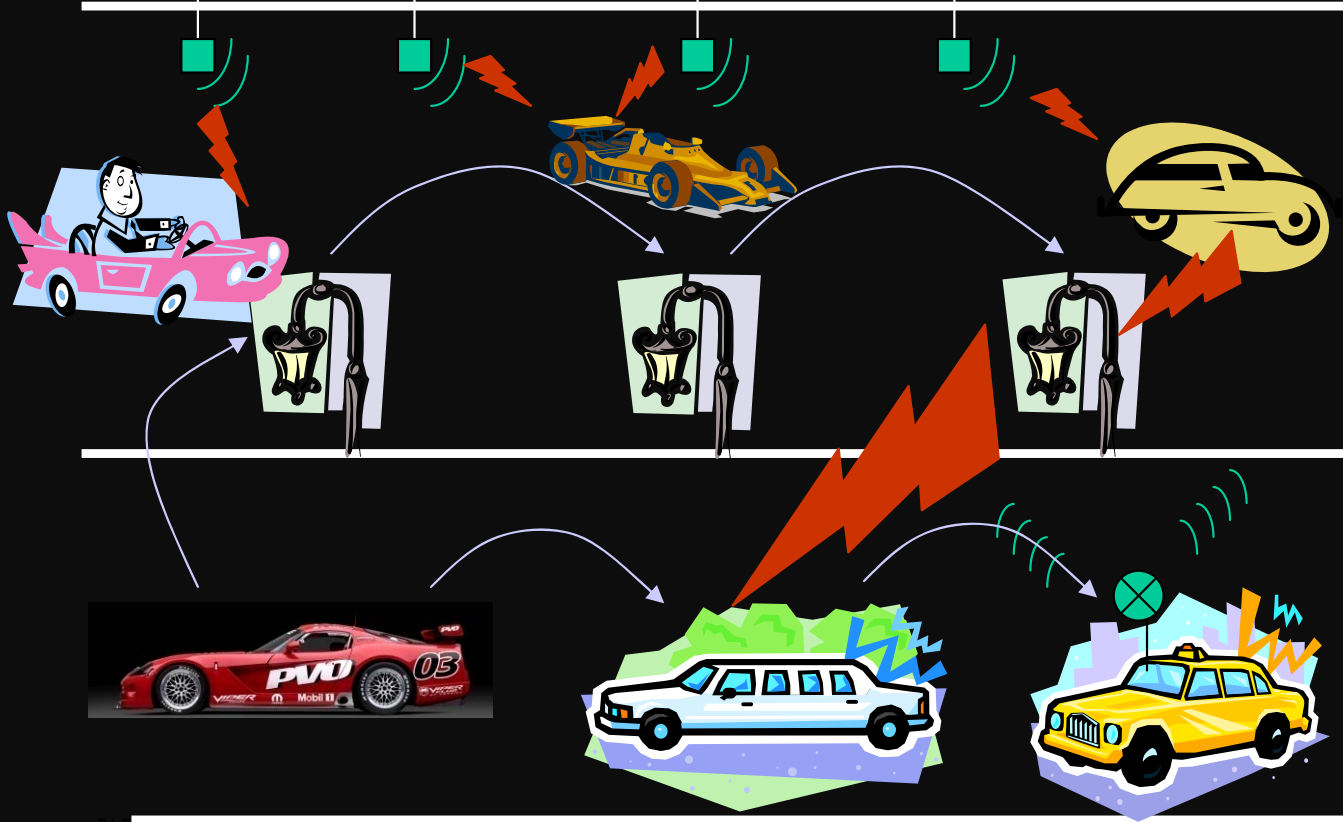
Gas



Hamburger Jewellery



MULTI-HOP Wireless
“On-The-Road Service”
Discovery/ Shopping Network



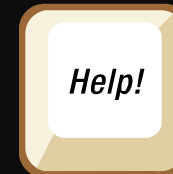
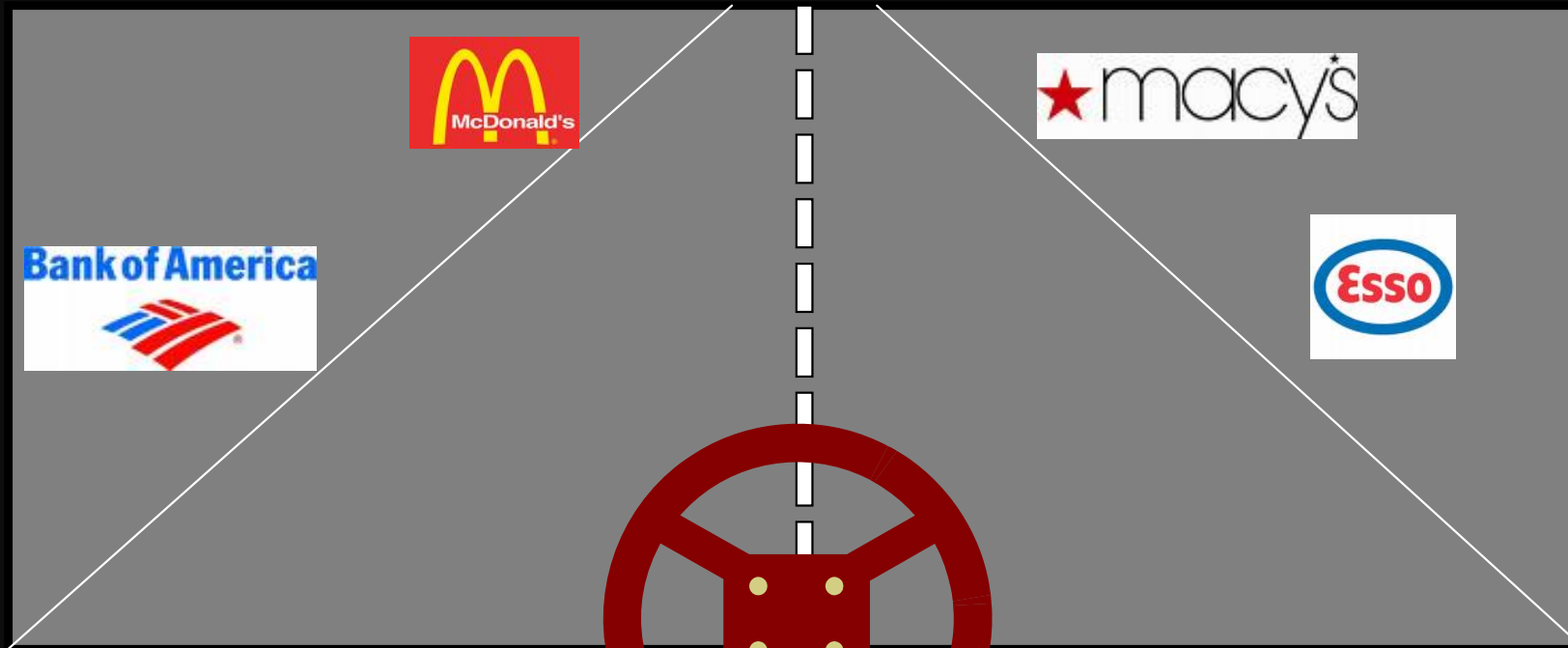
Navigation; Warning; Safety; Congestion Avoidance, Shopping, etc



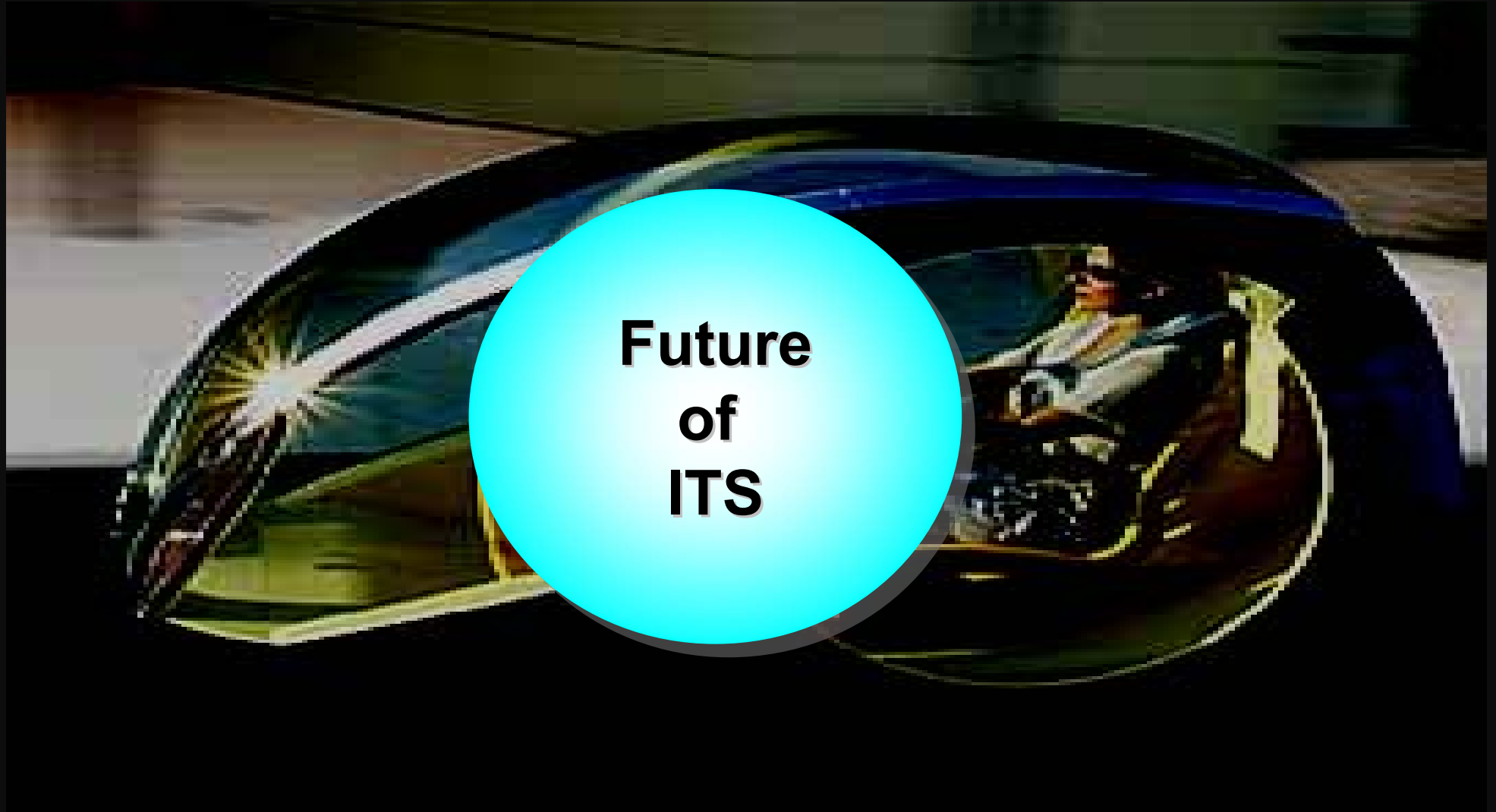
Continue: OTR Retail, Shopping, Service Discovery

Display

(totally different driving experience! Not afraid of commuting to new areas)



Voice Query
Voice Recognition
Eye Motion
Head Motion





• Future Cars that “talk”



ITS – The comms-enabled Driver?

Move “indicators” outside the

▶ BASICALLY, WE WANT

- Cars that “talk”
- Cars that “warn”
- Cars that “sense”
- Cars that “navigate”
- Cars that “locate/find”
- Cars that ..”you name it!”





- Replace signs with wireless sensors and notifiers!!



No worries about missing a sign

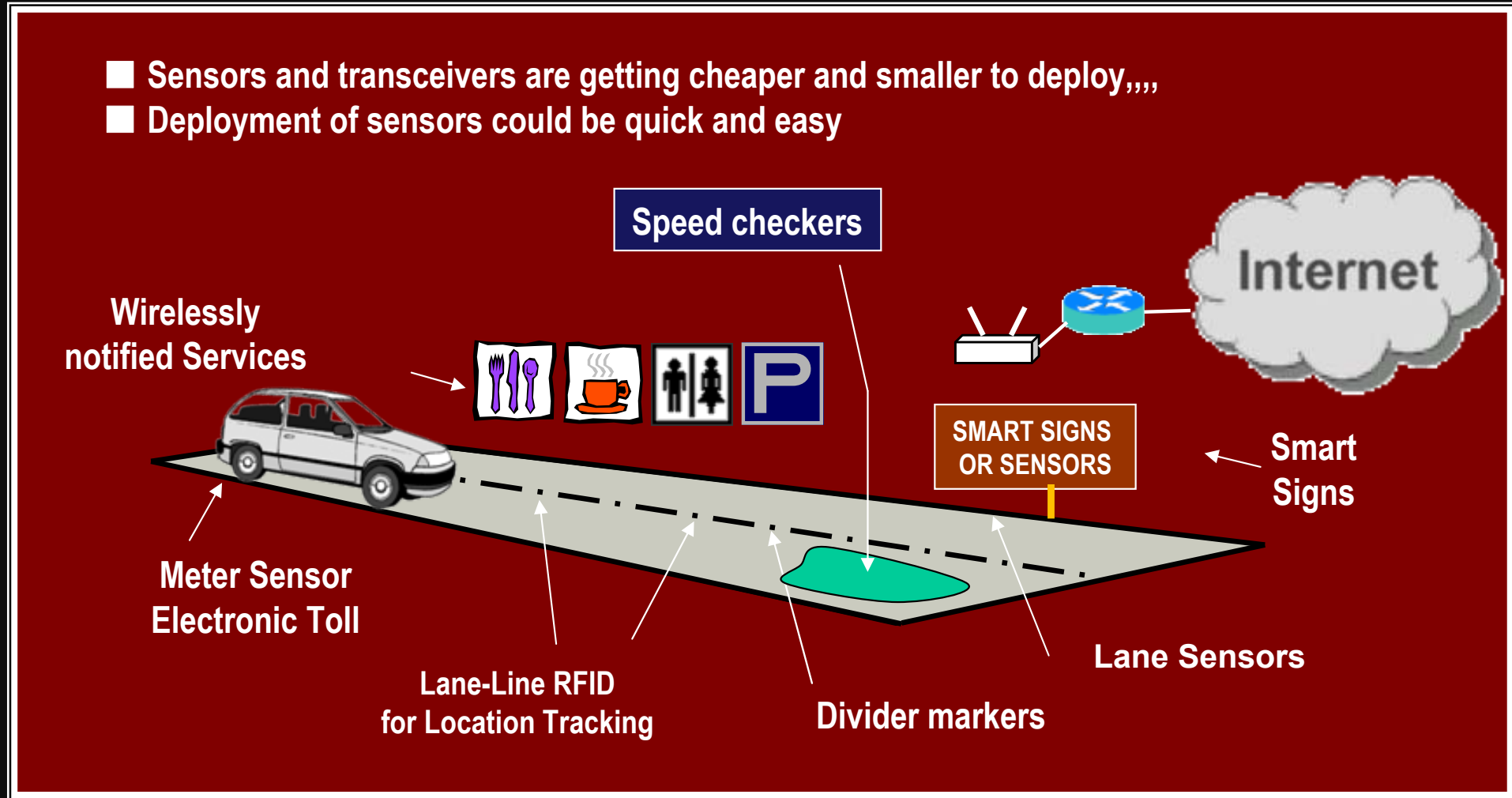
Nanosensors
 Temperature sensors
 Pressure sensors
 Sensors that warn + talk

Programmable Notifiers
 Emits Messages periodically
 Possibly propagated car2car



• Make Roads “Active”!

- Sensors and transceivers are getting cheaper and smaller to deploy,,,,,
- Deployment of sensors could be quick and easy

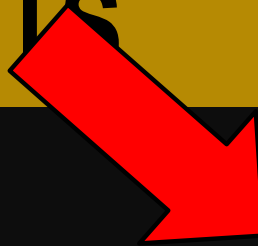




- **Bigger Goals!**

Ubiquitous ITS

Ubiquitous ITS



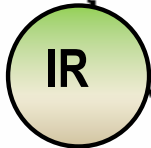
GOALS

- Zero Traffic Fatality Society
- Zero Congestion Society = Cleaner Environment
- Zero Transportation Stress Society
- Fully Connected Society
- Enriched Driving Experience

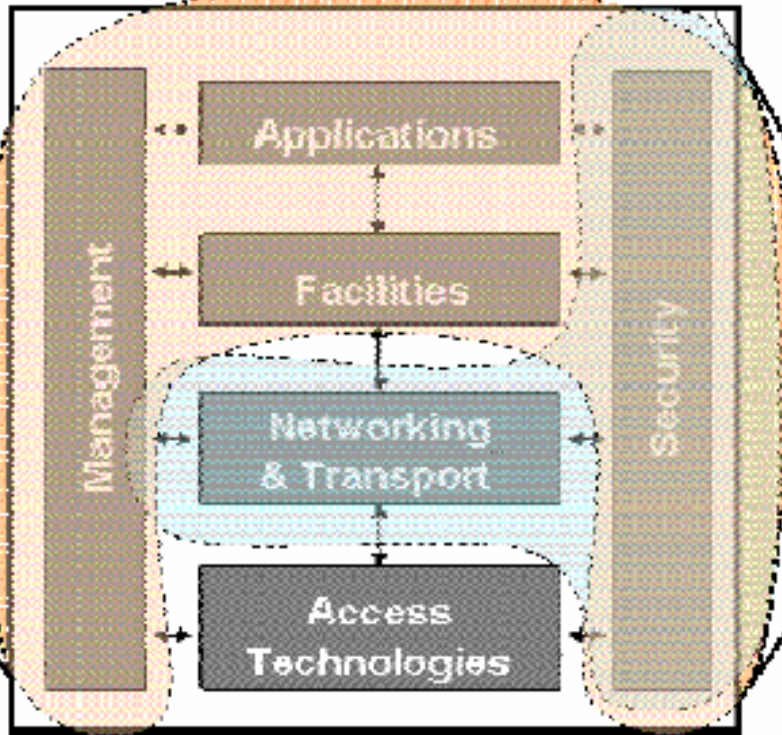




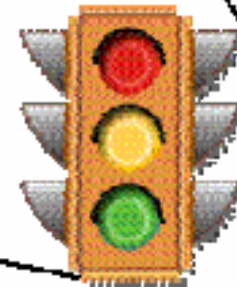
Future Applications of u-ITS



- 1. Truck Weighing
- 2. Congestion Zone Pricing
- 3. Music on Road etc



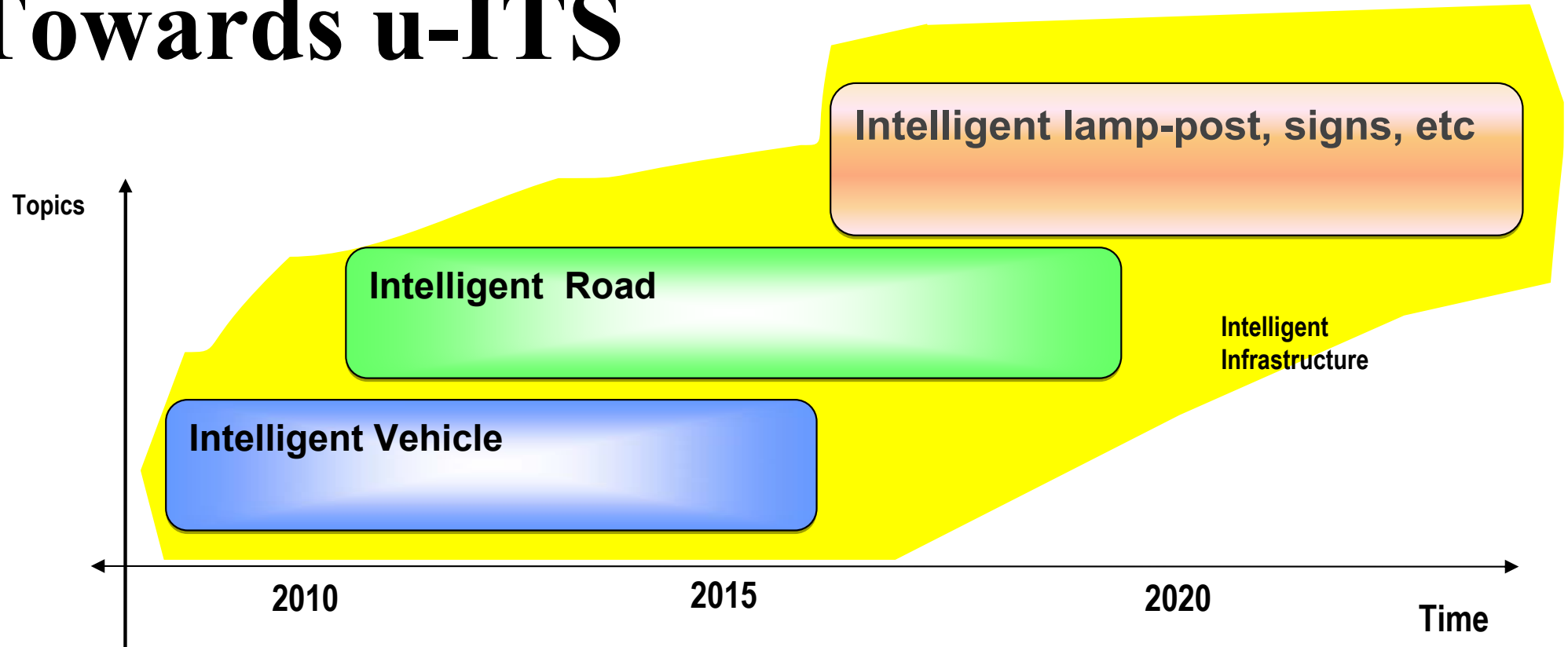
- 1. Localized police
- 2. Localized medical
- 3. Real-time NAVI
- 4. Car social network



Wireless Signs
Intelligent Traffic Control

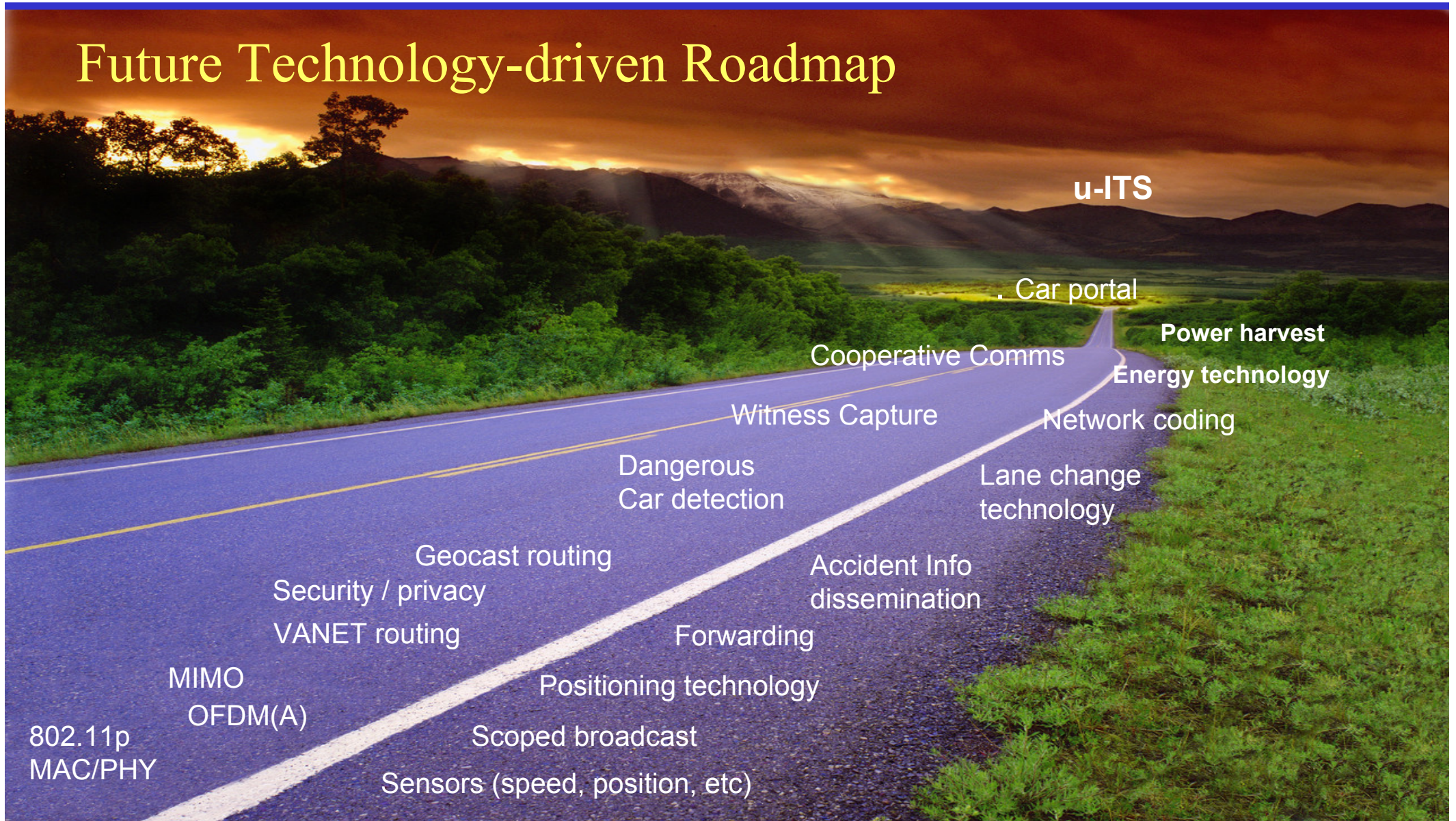


Towards u-ITS



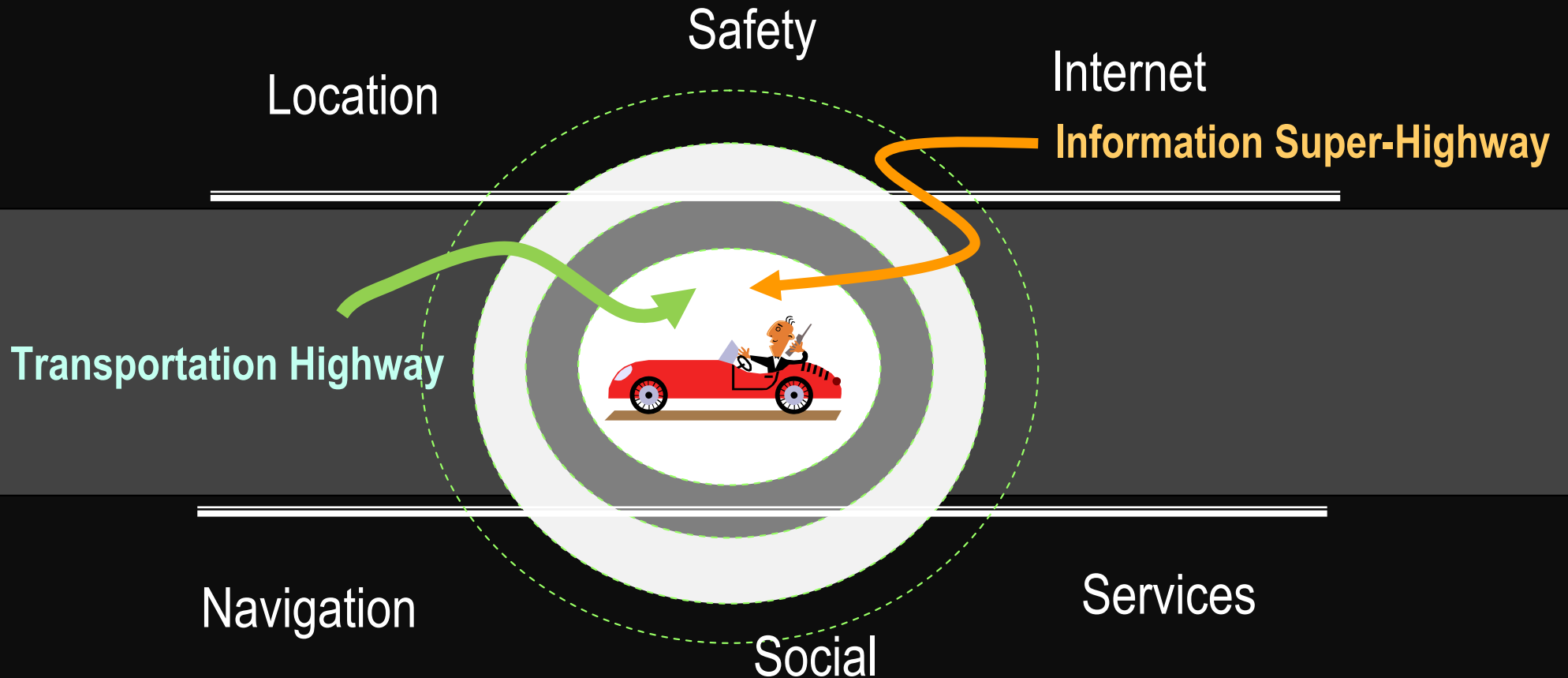


Future Technology-driven Roadmap





- So, the Future provides a completely different driving experience !





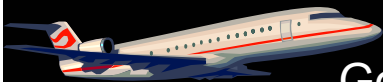
In Summary,,,,,,,,,,,,,

- Vehicle as Transporters
- Vehicle as Polluters (joke,,)
- Vehicle as Sensors
- Vehicle as Tax/Toll-Contributors
- Vehicle as Message Relays
- Vehicle as Communicators
- Vehicle as Internet Node, etc you name it!



Conclusion

- Plenty of Research for us to do!!
- Good n Vast Market Potential
- On-the-Road Technologies needed.
- Our Destination: An
 - * **information-driven,**
 - * **knowledge-based,**
 - * **wirelessly-enabled superhighway**
(drive, shop, navigate, find, etc)



Goodbye!